Prince Sultan will have talks with President Zia Ul Haq and other Pakistani officials on cooperation between the two coun-

His visit, which will last several days, comes shortly after the United States agreed to provide Pakistan with advanced F-16 fighters as part of a planned \$3 billion economic and arms aid

Pakistani Foreign Minister Agha Shahi has said that his country's Islamic friends would belp to pay for the arms.



Eight killed in Lebanon

BEIRUT, Dec. 1 (A.P.) — Eight gunmen were killed in clashes between rival leftist militias in two Shiite Muslim populated villages in Lebanon's east Bekaa province, Lebanese security

sources said today. The sources said the fighting pitted gunmen of the Arab Socialist Union against the pro-Iranian "Amal" militia, both of which

have a following among Lebanon's Shiite Muslims. The fighting erupted late Monday in the villages of Rasm El Hadath and Sha't in the Bekaa Valley and the sources said machine guns and rocket-propelled grenades were used in the street battles which also left 11 people wounded.

The fighting was triggered by a dispute between two patrols over traffic priorities, according to the sources who declined to be identified.

Volume 6, Number 1825

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 2, 1981 — SAFAR 5, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria Leound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Zaben reviews postal savings

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) -Communications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben today presided nver a meeting attended by the communications directors in the governorates and districts to make a comprehensive review nf the activities of the Postal Savings Fund (PSF).

Reviewing the activities of the PSF, which was established at the end of 1974, Dr. Zaben said the total deposits of citizens in the PSF reached JD 6 million, 90 per cent of which by small savers who save small amounts of money beginning with 250 fils. He added that the number of depositors totalled 103,550 persons who make their deposits and withdrawals from 214 post offices spread in the various parts of the country. He also explained that the PSF is currently participating in several corporations and companies as well as development projects, including housing projects, shares, development bonds and insurance companies.

Allen's case closed

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 (R) — The Justice Department said today it had concluded after a lengthy investigation that White Hnuse National Security Adviser Riebard Allen had not violated any law.

Attorney General William French Smith said the Justice Department has decided to close its investigation of Mr. Allen's acceptance of a \$1,000 pift from a Japanese journalist for helping arrange an inter-view with Mrs. Ronald Reagan.

Mr. Allen has been on administrative leave from his White House post since the weekend.

Peres discharged from hospital

TEL AVIV. Dec. I (R) -Israeli opposition leader Shimon Peres was discbarged from buspital today after undergoing a series of medical tests, a hospital spokesman

Mr. Peres, 58, chairman nf the Labour Party, entered bospital yesterday a few hours after returning from a trip to Europe.

"Mr. Peres had complained to extreme fatigue and underwent a series of tests," the spokesman said. "He was released after he was found to be in good health and nnly in need of some rest."

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin is still in hospital after breaking his leg in a fall in his bathroom last Thursday. The 68-year-old Begin has previously suffered two heart attacks and been in hospital for extreme exhaustion.

36 more shot in Iran

LONDON, Dec. 1 (R) -Thirty-six leftists, including five wnmen, have been executed in Iran for opposing the Islamic regime, Tehran

newspapers reported today.

They said 30 were shot in Tehran's Evin Prison on Sunday after being convicted nf armed rebellion against the government.

The nthers were shot in several provincial cities, the newspapers said.

Kuwaiti jet crashes

KUWAIT, Dec. 1 (R) — The defence ministry said today a Kuwait air force Mirage fighter plane crashed on Saturday shortly after take-off, but its pilot bailed out safely.

It issued a statement issued after a Kuwaiti newspaper had reported the crash, the fourth this year.

The previous erasbes involved two helicopters and a Skyhawk fighter jet.

Habib

Damascus

arrives in

DAMASCUS, Dec. 1 (R) - U.S. Middle East envoy Philip Habib arrived in Damascus today but appeared likely to meet blanker refusal to consider the removal nf Syria's missiles from east Leba-

Mr. Habib is on his fourth tour nf the region since the spring when he tried to defuse a crisis over the stationing of Soviet-supplied anti-aircraft missiles in Lebanon's Bekaa Valley. Syria has resisted all pressure to remove them.

The SAM-6 and SAM-2 missiles were installed after Israeli jets shnt down two Syrian helicop-

ters in the Bekaa last April. Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin recently renewed his threat of military action if Mr. Habib could not secare withdrawal of the missiles diplomatically.

Syrian Defence Minister Mustafa Tlas has said the missiles are there to defend Syrian peacekeepmg troops in Lebanon and will be left there for as long as they are

Mr. Habib went straight to the U.S. embassy nn arrival here after two days of talks with Lebanese leaders. He is also expected to visit Saudi Arabia and Israel.

The Syrian government newspaper Tishrin yesterday linked a car bomb attack in the centre of Damascus in which mure than 90 people died to the visit of Mr. Habib to the region.

It said Syria faces an Israeli and imperialist plot to undermine its hardline stance in the Middle

Beirut's pro-Syrian daily Asb-Sharq today said Mr. Habib's trip and the new Israeli-American strategic cooperation agreement signed in Washington yesterday were "two sides of the same American policy coin."

The Saudi newspaper Al Yaom questioned the value of Mr. Habib's visit and said Atab issues

Beirut newspapers today said Mr. Habib was carrying nn specific proposals, but was interested in helping stabilise a fragile ceasefire in South Lebanon and in reinforcing the authority of the Lebanese government.

Syria's official press today front-paged comments by Syrian President Hafez Al Assad in which be vowed to root out members of the Muslim Brotherhood, said to be responsible for Sunday's car bomb.

The Muslim Brotherhood is an nutlawed fundamentalist group which wants a return to strict Islamic society. It has been blamed for a string of antigovernment bombings and killings over the past three years.

Soviet negotiators plunged into

the highly complex detail of their

missile talks today, saving they

would work to a slow-paced and

With both sides committed to a

tight news blacknut, no infor-

mation was given out on what happened at the first working ses-

sion on limiting European-based

medium-range nuclear weapons.

But it was assumed the two

teams began grappling with the

first problem -- to decide which

categories of nuclear arms should

be included in what could become

Asked if progress was made at

the 21/2-hour meeting. Soviet chief

negotiator Yuli Kvitsinsky said

nuly: "Everything is okay." U.S. officials said confidentiality that

rules prevented them from mak-

ing any comment beyond saying

A U.S. spokesman said future

sessions would be held every

Tuesday and Friday, alternating

between the Soviet mission to the

U.N. and the Geneva offices of the

U.S. Arms Control and Dis-

Officials from both sides were

smiling cordially when the two full

delegations -- 10 on each side --

met at the eight-floor ACDA

offices overlooking Lake Geneva

and the snow-capped mountains

As the negotiators ranged

beyond.

armament Agency (ACDA).

the meeting had taken place.

marathon negotiations.

npen-ended timetable.



Hassan receives Soviet envoy

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, received at the Hashemite Royal Court this morning the Soviet roving Ambassador Mikhail Sytemko. During the meeting, they discussed the strong Jordanian-Soviet relations and exchanged ideas and views on the political situation in the area and the repercussions of the international developments on the

The Soviet guest praised the stands of the two friendly countries on the Middle East issue. He also conveyed the greetings of the Soviet leaders to His Majesty King Hussein, Prince Hassan and the Jordanian people.

The meeting was attended by Court Minister Amer Khammash and Soviet Ambassador in Amman Rafeek Nishanov.

Acting Prime Minister and Information Miniser Adnan Abu Odeh also received Mr. Sytemko at his office today. They reviewed all aspects of the developments in the Middle East and exchanged views on the various issues of interest to the areaat present and in the future, especially the Pales-

time issue and the various international efforts to find a settlement of the Middle East crisis guaranteeing the Palestinian people's right to self-determination and including their right to establish their independent state on their national soil.

Mr. Abn Odeb affirmed the need to continue political action to achieve this settlement. He also reaffirmed Jordan's consistent stand of upholding the principles of just peace.

The Soviet envoy reaffirmed his country's position in this connection which calls for convening an international conference to be attended by all parties concerned.

The two sides asserted the significance of a unified Arab stand in influencing the course of political action to reach the just settlement as approved by the various United Nations resol-

The meeting was attended by the secretary general of the foreign ministry and the Soviet ambassador in Amman.

A Jordanian government official told the Jor-dan Times that Mr. Sytemko official visit to Jordan would last for three days.

Arab aides arrive for CAEU meeting

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) - The Kuwaiti Finance Minister Sheikh Abdul Latif Al Hamad arrived in Amman this afternoon to participate in the meetings of the 38th session of the ministerial council of the states signatory to the Arab Economic Unity Agreement. which will begin here tomorrow.

During the two-day meetings, the participants will discuss the report of the secretary-general on the Arab economy and the basic changes introduced to it, and the impact of the international economy on the Arab economy. The report also includes an analytical study of the most prominent Arab economic indicators, the activities of the general secretariat, the meetings of the per-

American-Soviet negotiators

backed chairs around a long con-

ference table after pressing

through a crush of cameramen and

reporters, U.S. delegation leader

Paul Nitze put out his hand to Mr.

"Perhaps they would like us to shake hands," he said. The hand-

shake was repeated three times for

the benefit of television cameras

during the 10 minutes before the

American officials said they had

no idea how long the negotiations

would last but were ready for a

long stay. "We shall pace the

negotiations as carefully and

The U.S. hopes the first stage

will be limited to discussing a

tradeoff between three Soviet

missile systems capable of hitting

Western Europe - 600 SS-20s, SS-4s and SS-5s - and 572 U.S.

Pershing-II and Cruise missiles to

be deployed in Europe from 1983

and targeted against the Soviet

meaningful agreement would be

enhanced by limiting the scope of

the negotiations to land-based

missiles at the start," a senior U.S.

The two delegations will meet

again at the Soviet mission on Fri-

day, maintaining a rhythm of

twice-weekly formal meetings set

during earlier U.S.-Soviet talks on

U.S. officials said there might

strategic weapons (SALT).

'We believe the prospects of

Union.

dipiomat said.

quickly as we can," nne said.

pressmen were ushered out.

prepare for marathon talks

GENEVA, Dec. 1 (R) - U.S. and themselves on brown leather-

Kvitsinsky.

manent committees and the subcommittees, and the agreements concluded between the general secretariat and the international economie organisations and

The participants will also discuss topics related to implementing joint Arab projects such as an Arab printing press, an international Arab company for land transport, a draft agreement of the bye-laws of the specialised qualitative Arab federations, a technical assistance programme for 1982, a draft budget of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) for 1982, and the question of accepting the Democratic Republic of Yemen as member of the Arab Common Market.

be smaller informal meetings also

for them."

Europe.

agreement.

"if circumstances dictate a need

The missile talks, long pressed

for by America's European allies,

opened yesterday with an infor-

mal meeting between Mr. Nitze

and Mr. Kvitsinsky, at which no

Today the delegations chiefs

were flanked by civilian and milit-ary aides. The American group

included two women, one an

interpreter. Apart from the bes-

pectacled Mr. Kvitsinsky, the

Soviet delegates were not iden-

U.S. sources said there was,

neither agreement nor dis-

agreement so far on what the

negotiations should be called. The

U.S. favours "negotiations on

intermediate-range nuclear

weapons," while Moscow calls

them talks on nuclear arms in

The variation reflects a lurking

dispute on what weapons fit into

The Soviet Union says all mis-

siles with a range above 1,000 kms

and below intercontinental ranges

should be counted. U.S. has set no

lower limit but says it will seek to

include missiles below the 5,500

km floor level for strategic mistiles

covered by the 1979 SALT II

This lack of precision is

expected to lead to trouble during

the first phase of the Geneva

the intermediate category.

advisers were present.

The Libyan Secretary of Economy Abn Zaid Durdah and Minister of Economy of the Arab Republic of Yemen Mohammad Hizam Al Shobati arrived in Amman today to attend the meetings. The Deputy Minister of Industry and Trade in the United Arab Emirates Mohammad Sa'id Al Gbanim and the Deputy Minister of Industry and Trade in Somalia Abdul Rahman Rashid have also arrived in Amman to attend the meetings.

They were received at Amman Airport by Finance Minister Salem Masa'dah, the Secretary-General of the CAEU Fakhri Qadduri, the Assistant Secretary-General of the CAEU Mohammad Al Sbarif, and nther officials.

Anani briefs ILO team

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) — A pre-paratory meeting was held bet-ween the Ministry of Labour officials and the delegation of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) currently visiting Jordan as part of a fact-finding tour of the area to get acquainted with the conditions of the Arab workers in the occupied Arab territories. The meeting was attended by Labour Minister Jawad Al Amani and the ministry's Under-

Secretary Tayseer Abdul Jaber.

Dr. Jaber said that an expanded meeting will be held at the ministry tomorrow and will be attended by representatives of the Labour Ministry, the Ministry of the Occupied Territories Affairs, the Royal Committee for the Affairs of Jerusalem, the General Federation of the Jordanian Workers Trade Unions, and the Amman Chambers of Commerce and Industry. The ILO delegation will be briefed during the meeting on the racist and arbitrary israeli measures against the Arab workers in the

occupied areas, Dr. Jaher added. Dr. Jaber said that the Labour Ministry will submit a report explaining that the Israeli occupation authorities continue to construct settlements in the occupied areas despite the two resolutions. passed by the ILO at the 66th and 67th ILO conferences, calling for halting the construction of the

Israeli settlements. The delegation includes Equal Rights Department Director Claude Roseller and ILO Beirut Office Director Shukri Al Dajani.

King returns home

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein returned home this evening after participating in the 12th Arab summit conference held in Fez, Morocco on Nov. 25.

King Hussein met at the periphery of the summit with several Arab leaders participating in the con-ference and exchanged views with them on the future of joint Arab action and ways to bolster Arab solidarity as well as the results of the Fez summit and the preparation for convening the next Arab summit

King Husseln also made a private visit to Spain at the end of the summit.

The King was met at the airport by His Highness Prince Mohammad, His Royal Highness Crown

Prince Hassan, the court minister, the chief chamberlain, the commander-in-chief of the armed forces, the speaker of the Upper House of Parliament, the president of the National Consultative Council, the ministers, the Spanish and Moroccan ambassadors in Amman, and a number of highranking civilian and military officials.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran, the Chief of the Hashemite Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi, the Minister of the Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim, the King's Military Secretary Lt. Gen. Mohammad Idris, and Chief of the General Staff Maj. Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb also returned home with

interview

its interests."

opposition.

"This is the first time that a

U.S.-Israeli document mentions

the Soviet Union in connection

with military action beyond the

direct defence needs of the state of

Israel," he said in an Israel Radio

He claimed the agreement

would permit "the activation of

the Israel defence forces for mis-

sions that are not within the

immediate defence of Israel and

Rabin's Labour Party has pro-

tested that the memorandum on

the strategic alliance was signed

without showing it to the Israeli

public or consulting with the

Porat called Rabin's charge

"wicked," aaying there was

nothing in the memorandum per-

mitting the Israeli army to con-

front the Soviets beyond its bor-

He said the agreement men-

tioned military activity against

-lites" if its forces were brought

into the Middle East to fight

Sharon told Israel Radio's

Washington correspondent that

Israel had achieved most of its

objectives in the agreement,

which he said laid the foundation

for an entirely different rela-

tionship between Israel and the

"This agreement can be viewed

as a beginning," he said. "It is an

agreement which over the years

will have to be given broader con-

United States.

the Soviet Union and its satel-

PLO urges joint Arab effort to fight U.S.-Israel agreement

BEIRUT, Dec. 1 (Agencies) - A Palestinian leader today called for an urgent meeting of Arab countries to coordinate opposition to Israel's new strategic cooperation with the United States.

Yasser Abed Rabbo, a member of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and head of its information department, described the agreement signed yesterday in Washington as a declaration of war against the Arabs.

Mr. Abed Rabbo said in a statement: "This alliance means a declaration of American-Israeli war against the Arabs. It shows how superficial are the attitudes of those states which preach settlements in the region, such as the Saudi plan, through the role of the United States." The Palestinian leader spoke of

the need for an urgent meeting of both members of the Steadfastness and Confrontation Front and Arab states which opposed what he said were American plans at the recent Arab summit in

Mr. Abed Rabbo said he was referring in the last case to Iraq. which was not a member of the steadfastness front prom Syria, Libya, Algeria, South Yemen and the PLO.

After agreement was reached between Israeli Defence Minister Ariel Sharon and U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger in Washington yesterday, a joint statement said the pact was designed to cope with threats to Middle East security by the Soviet Union or Soviet-controlled forces.

In Syria, state-run Damascus radio said the accord amounted to an alliance against the Arab Nation.

The Syrian government today made no immediate comment on the signing of the agreement but it has already called on the Soviet Union to make a similar agreement with the Arabs. Beirut papers have said they

expect Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to visit Moscow shortly, although there has been no confirmation from Damascus. Syria, linked to the Soviet

Union by a 20-year treaty nf friendship and cooperation, has asked Moscow for help in building up a strategic parity between the Arabs and Israel.

Libya has said the agreement

was designed to help Washington dominate the region. At the weekend Libyan leader

Muammar Qadhafi annunced he bad started building an American-style Rapid Deployment Force to fight any U.S. intervention against Arab countries in the Gulf or elsewhere.

Many Arab states see the U.S.-Israeli agreement as annther example of what they regard as American one-sidedness in the region in favour of the Jewish

No comment from Saudis

There has been no immediate comment from Saudi Arabia on the U.S.-Israeli accord, but the kingdom criticised the idea when it was first aired following talks in Washington in September between Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and President Reagan.

A Saudi spokesman said then the agreement would impede the Middle East peace process and was "a reassertion of the U.S. absolute support and biased policy in favour of Israel."

In Kuwait, the newspaper Al Ra'i Al Aam said today the agreement was directed against the Arabs although it spoke only about the Soviet Union.

It said Israel would now be free to hit wherever and whenever it liked in the Arab World under the protection of an American umbrella.

Begin hails accord

In Tel Aviv, Prime Minister Menachem Begin's office today hailed the alliance as strengthening Israel's defences and links with the West, but the opposition Labour Party sharply criticised it. "Israel has always seen itself as

an inseparable part of the free world, and as such, it was proud to be an ally of the United States," Begin's spokesman, Uri Porat

The memorandum of understanding "strengthens Israel's security and international standmg," be said.

But former prime minister Yitzhak Rabin accused Begin of opening the way for the Israeli army to operate against the Soviets outside the immediate arena nf the Mideast conflict.

tent, depending on cooperation... between the U.S. and Israel." But Sharon cantioned that Israelis sbnnld not expect immediate changes in ties with Washington as a result of the memorandum. "An agreement like this doesn't have to bear fruit immediately," he said.
It was also reported from Tel

Aviv that Sharon will cut short his stay in Washington to vote against motions of no-confidence in parliament tabled by opposition parties to protest the alliance. Sharon's spokesman at the

defence ministry was unable to confirm that the minister was returning early from talks with officials of the Reagan administ-

Israeli newspaper editorials were critical of the memorandum, which they said does not meet Israel's goals for strategic cooperation with Washington.

Nothomb asked to form Belgian government

BRUSSELS, Dec. 1 (R) — King Banduoin today charged Foreign Minister Charles-Ferdinand Nnthomb, a member of the French-speaking Social Christian Party (PSC), with the task of forming a new Belgian government, the royal palace announced.

A brief communique said Mr. Nothomb, foreign minister in the nutgoing centre-left coalition of Prime Minister Mark Eyskens, had accepted the mission. Mr. Nnthomb will take up the

task abandoned yesterday by Flemish Liberal leader Willy de Clercq after the PSC refused to join a centre-right coalition which he had proposed. Political sources said Mr.

Nothomb sympathised with the PSC's left wing which had forced rejection of the coalition offer, calling for a broader coalition to include the Socialists.

Mr. Nothomb, 45, was therefore likely to begin by seeking a broad-based government including Liberals, Social Christians and Socialists, they said.

Finding agreement among parties with such widely divergent views, particularly on measures to ease Belgium's pressing economic problems, would not be easy, they

The prime ministers of the five Mr. Nuthomb has been foreign minister since May, 1980. If be

became prime minister, he would be the first from the Frenchspeaking Walloon area of Belgium since Paul Van den Boeynants headed a short-lived government governments since then have all come from the Flemish Social Christian Party (CVP). Mr. Van den Boeynants resgned today as leader of the PSC

following its decision not to join

the centre-right coalition prop-osed by Mr. de Clercq.

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bet in lita

NATIONAL

Varied life leads to dealing with fish

By Suzanne Zu'mut-Black Special to the Jordan Times

ABU ADNAN's apparent expertise and wide knowledge in handling tropical fish in his shop's wall-to-wall aquariums, and the

his massive catalogue.

useful advice he is always ready to give his customers, make him appear to be a veteran in the field. It was however only in 1976 that he handled his first aquarium, which he used only for decorative purposes in a small popular restaurant he used to run in Jahai Amman, off the Second Circle.

"The restaurant business and the long hours it required became too much for me at my age," Abu Adnan, 67, told the Jordan Times. "One aquarium led to another until gradually by 1980, they took over the restaurant," as well as an adjacent shop that now contains all the equipment and fish food that go with the husiness." It is not very profitable, but less tiring." Abu Adnan explained. All that remains of the restaurant is a soft drinks cooler from which he caters to both enthusiastic collectors and thirsty passers-by.

"Customers have increased twentyfold in the last three years. They are mainly young people between the ages of ten and thirty, and come from all sections of the society." Abu Adnan said. "Most of them have no experience in looking after fish, but this is improving all the time. To take good care of fish, a collector has to be in control of temperature and cleanliness of the tank."

Ahu Adnan imports almost everything for his shop from the Far East. Fish come from Singapore and are shipped in one day. Tank equipment, including heaters, thermometers, filters, and decorative accessories, as well as fish food, come from China. Japan, and Taiwan.

"The guppy, the molly, the sword tail and the goldfish are most in demand because they are cheaper and can live in harmony

PROFILES of Jordan

together." But when asked what stow it away in foreign banks." his favourites were. Ahu Adnan was ready with the answer: "The shark and the disco. a colourful rounded fish," and promptly produced pictures of both specimens. 'They're the most beautiful'. he exclaimed and added," but maybe 1 prefer them because they are rare and the most expensive.

Taking the reporter round the shop, he gave the names of the different kinds of fish in English. despite his very limited knowledge of that language, and would occasionally volunteer an Arabic word in the form of translation, such as explaining why scissors tails acquired that name.

Ahu Adnan could very easily describe the characteristics of each of the thirty-odd types of fish present in the shop at the time and as easily tell the names and peculiarities of almost any of the fish illustrated in his massive catalogue. He could point out which live longer, such as the tiger harh, which mix well with other fish, such as the molly, which bear live young and so reproduce more easily, such as the sword tail, and which lay eggs such, as the angel.

Before coming into his present husiness. Abu Adnan led a very varied life. Born in 1914 in the village of Arrabeh near Nahlus on the West Bank, he was known as Mahmoud Farhat. He acquired the name of Ahu Adnan in his youth, even before getting married as was customary then, and in some cases, still is. Despite the fact that his marriage in 1938 to a cousin produced no children, he continues to be known by that

"I never took a second wife in order to have children because I loved my wife and respected her and did not want to upset her in any way. She died six years ago." he explained.

His memories of his home town. Arrabeh, are very happy ones There, "life was full of dignity and Arah social conciousness. None of that exists now. People are too keen to acquire money and then

Arrabeh acted as a refuge for him between the different phases of his life, the most settled of which seems to be the last thirty years he has spent in Amman, first as a grocer, then in his restaurant and finally, in his fish shop.

"I came to Amman in 1951 because life here was more prosperous than in Arrabeh. There. many people were leaving for Saudi Arabia and the Gulf, and our smuggling husiness slackenned. In expanding on this. Abu Adnan explained that for three years he ran an illegal husmess planting red tobacco and selling it chopped in one kilo packets. to avoid tobacco tax. This part of his life threw some light on what he had earlier insisted that the reporter should note as his "philosophy". "At the source of all heart attacks is income tax".

Besides dealing in tohacco. Ahu Adnan remembers a self sufficient life where everything needed was grown around the house, including olive trees. "We only bought sugar, tea and coffee. We didn't even need kerosene; we used logs for the fire," he added with nos-

The total of nineteen years which he spent in Haifa were much less idvllie. Moving there at the age of thirteen with only three years of schooling, he had to start earning by selling chicken and eggs door-to-door and had no opportunity to continue his edu-

"The reason was poverty. I had to help support my mother and younger brother and sister. My farher served thirteen years in gaol. He was a thief, a highwayman" he explained casually. and when a couple of his acquaintances exchanged glances he shrugged and added, "but it's a

In 1936 the family had to seek refuge in Arrabeh for two years away from the troubles that were brewing in Haifa as a result of the Palestinian Revolt. "Everything was in turmoil. We left out of fear

and because work was affected,

The truce in 1938 brought the family back to Haifa and Ahu Adnan back to dealing in chickens and eggs until 1942 when he joined the British Army as a worker in the Supply Depot. At the end of World War II, and until he had to flee again from Haifa in 1948 for the last time, he worked in a sweets shop that made traditional Arabic sweets.

Ahu Adnan described the family's flight in 1948: "We had to get out of the city because of increasing Jewish pressure. There was haphazard shooting and bombing. It wasn't safe to walk in the streets. The Jews were in Hadra Karmal, a high spot overlooking the downtown area which was under constant hombardment. We couldn't work, we couldn't even run away very easily. Some had to get out by boat. Those who left overland did so in convoys of cars under the protection of the British Army. We had to leave everything behind: furniture and all. All that one cared for was to stay alive."



Business 'is not very profitable, but less tiring.'



'Customers have increased twentyfold in the last three years' and even include children.

Abu Adnan can easily tell the names and peculiarities of almost any of the fish illustrated in

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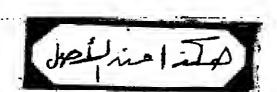


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Amman, Jabal Hussein Khaled ibn Al Walid Street (opposite Sakinah School). announces that it has the most modern toys, gifts, watches, athletic shoes, and all kinds of Mister Baby, Chicco, Baby Confort products. Retail of wholesale.



safety of citizens and their pro-

tection from viral contamination

and epidemics. He called for

coordinating efforts among the

competent authorities to protect

Health Ministry's role in testing

water in the various areas and

determining its fitness for buman

Dr. Malbas also reviewed the

public health.

try's concern about the health and and non-human consumption.

Minister of Health Zuhair Malhas presides over a meeting here Tues-

day to discuss contamination of the River Zarqa waters. (Petra

NATIONAL

ax bill to bring big benefits

By Steve Ross Special to the Jordan Times

MMAN, Dec. 1 — A proposed new income ax law, to go before the National Conultative Council (NCC) soon, contains mportant new benefits for business and adustry. But perhaps most significantly, all ax rates for individuals would go down if the aw is approved -- and working women vould get a big break.

partment Legal Adviser Saln Tarawneh, one proposed inge in the current income tax which was enacted and ne into force in 1964 -- would jualise" the married woman h the man in personal, family lother exemptions. This means with her husband's persion, the woman would be able get all the tax benefits now orded to men. But the exempas can only be applied to the able income of either husband wife, not both.

vir. Tarawneh told the Jordan nes that under the current law, es are not allowed to take emptions for family support, an if they are the only ones suprting a family. This would be anged under the draft law cause it is so obviously unfair to many women who are now rking, he indicated.

The exemptions themselves uld also be both increased and dened in scope under the draft. e personal exemption for a rking bachelor resident in Jorwould double, as would of the for dependent chilunder 20. Other exemptions also boosted.

The benefits of more and bigger emptions come on top of what r. Tarawnch called a "funimental change" in the tax rates. nder the proposed law, the rates e both lower in absolute terms, ad climb at a slower rate as scome increases. But the major ffects of the changes would make against the higher come levels. Under the current w, anyone making more than JD ,000 a year pays a 50 per cent tax n all income above that figure. hange to a tax of only 40 per cent, pplied to income in excess of JD -3,000 a year.

... Despite the drop in tax rates _ rd the growth in exemptions, the scome Tax Department hopes to e its revenues growing, instead declining, if the draft is oproved. This is because of a oposal to reorganise and streng-en the system of selfsessment, according to Mr.

He said the language of the tax w would be simplified, so the vman could understand it better. n example would be the abolment of the "assessing year" such is used in the preparation of papers, and its replacement th the normal calendar year ng taxed. The assessing year is

MANDA

According to Income Tax the year after that being taxed the year the taxes are paid. Confusion results from the fact that in this system, one's "1982 taxes" would be those paid on income

received in 1981. The system would also be strengthened with penalties for late or unfiled tax returns. This and other provisions, Mr. Tarawneb says, should bring a substantial number of people onto the tax rolls, whereas in the past the department has always had a serions problem with noncompliance. Such a change would also, he said, mean that the main

Resident bachelor

Resident bachelor

cousins or closer)

mstead of assessment itself.

difficult to determine or to tax.

And he said he would he "sur-

prised" if the department suc-

Married individual w/o children

Other dependents (up to two)

University expenses, each student

Married individual w/o childreo JD 600

Each child under 20 years, w/o limit

Other dependents (up to two)

University expenses (limited to

additional amount, without limit.

For house rent, 50 per cent of rent, without limit.

Each child under 20 years

(limited to four children)

ceeds in extending self-assessment to all those who should pay taxes. Apart from benefits to indi-vidual taxpayers, businesses --

particularly public-shareholding ndustrial companies - would benefit greatly under the proposed law. The tax rate on the public industries would drop from the present 38.5 per cent to only 30 per cent.

The 45 per cent tax on the income of insurance companies, registered banks, financial and money-changing companies would remain unchanged under the proposed new law. Other types of firms, however, would also pay lower taxes.

Another provision of the draft, seen as providing major relief to the corporate sector, would allow deductions for establishment expenses, spread over the first five years of a company's expenses. Under the current law, expenses incurred insetting up a company are treated as capital expenditures, and thus non-deductible. Another proposed change would be beneficial to real estate developers and others selling property on an instalment basis. Under the current law, such sales are assessed for taxes in the year of

JD 50

JD 50

JD 400

JD 400

JD 600

JD 500

under the draft. It would still apply to donations to registered

Some objections

The changes introduced in the proposed new income tax law are not all beneficial to the taxpayers. Some members of the business and financial sectors are unhappy with a number of the new provisions, and note that some unfavourable regulations under the current law would remain in force under the draft. And accounting firms object that a new article giving the director general of the Income Tax Department power to "blacklist" auditors for tax purposes could be used "very arbitrarily."

But objections to the draft centre mainly around the proposed introduction of taxes on some currently untaxed sources of income. Banks and financial institutions are unhappy with a proposal to tax interest, discounts, and commissions they accrue outside Jordan on funds derived from their deposits inside the country. This does not, however, apply to mcome from deposits by nonresidents in foreign currencies.

Many object to the introduction of a capital-gains tax, which does not exist under the current law. The tax would apply to gains from the sale of lands and buildings purchased after the law is enacted. It allows, bowever, a deduction of ten per cent for every year the property is owned, in addition to other costs such as registration and improvements. And it applies only to people who do not buy and sell land or buildings as a pro-

Some regulations and practices seen as objectionable by some would remain in force under the new law, if it is passed. For instance, the accountant pointed to a provision limiting business loss carry-forward (the deduction of one year's losses from succeeding years' profits) to six years. and to half of profits in each year.

Businesses also sometimes complain that acceptable current expenses, which are also deductible, are defined too narrowly. For instance, a great deal of money spent on training is not deducted. n 25 2n III den is the obligation on a creditor to prove a debtor's bankruptcy in court before writing off a debt. The law leaves such a write-off to the discretion of tax assessors; but these are said always to require a

now before a ministerial committee, which is expected to pass it on to the NCC for approval soon. The original target date for final passage was the beginning of 1982. But one source told the Jordan Times that some NCC members wanted to make major changes in the law. Such efforts in the NCC would delay the law's publication in the official gazette.



By Lima Nabil Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Dec. 1 - Her Highness Princess Basma accepted the honorary chairmanship of the Friends of Kidney Patients Society when she received at her office today a delegation representing

During the meeting, Princess Basma and the delegation discussed the society's objectives and the obstacles impeding its work, as well as its programmes for next

Princess Basma expressed her preparedness to assist the society and support its projects, so that it

The society was established in last January with headquarters in Amman, but its activities cover all

icit sufficient contributions to assist kidney patients and their families, to rehabilitate those patients capable of work and to facilitate kidney operations for all those who need them, irrespective

The society is currently trying to

mated budget for next year.

The board will also discuss a preliminary agreement with the Arab Organisation for Industrial

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra)

- The Zarga River wat-

ers between Ain Ghazal

and Sukhnah are con-

taminated and not fit for

irrigation and agricul-

ture, Minister of Health

Zuhair Malhas anno-

He was speaking at a meeting

here of representatives of the

ministries of bealth, interior,

public works and agriculture, as

well as the Department of Public

Security and the United Nations

Relief and Works Agency for

The meeting was convened to

Palestine Refugees (UNRWA).

discuss "viral contamination" resulting from consumption of

vegetables planted in the River

Dr. Malhas said the ban on

agriculture in the contaminated

area was stipulated in Defence

Order 16 (1961) which prohibits

planting "leaf vegetables" which

He warned that the defence

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) - The

Board of Directors of the Arab

Federation for Cement and Build-

ing Materials began its 14th ses-

During its two-day meetings,

the hoard will discuss a report by

the general secretariat oo the fed-

eration's activities and achieve-

ments during this year, a

memorandum on the objectives of

the federation's working plan, and

a draft of the federation's esti-

sion in Amman today.

could cause viral contamination,

unced today.

Zarqa basin.

World until the year 2,000. The possibility of establishing an Arab institute for research and

Development regarding the pre-

Arab building materials

federation starts meetings

Zarga River waters

declared contaminated

order stipulates "severe penal-

ties" against those who violate it.

Dr. Malhas said all water pumps

and pipes, owned by farmers in the

contaminated area, will be

removed and all vegetable agricul-

The Russeifa water spring is

Dr. Malhas affirmed his minis-

ture there will be banned.

polluted, he declared.

training in the cement industry and other building materials will also be discussed. The board will also discuss

training programmes for those working in the field of building materials and the exchange of Arab expertise among the federation's member states.

- The-projected training institute

paration of a sectoral study of ing all scientific, technical and building materials and the coneconomic information on the struction industry in the Arab maoagement, operation and maintenance of cement and building materials plants in the Arab The hoard consists of rep-

resentatives from Jordan, Iraq, Tunisia, Saudi Arabia, Morocco, Sudan, Kuwait, the Arab Republic of Yemen, Libya, Syria, Algeria and the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU).

> The Damascus-based Sederation was established in 1977 and currently has representatives from 14 Arab states and 57 cement companies in the Arab World. The aim of the federation

would include a centre for eather-

is to develop and strengthen the technical, industrial and commercial links and coordinate commercial activities among its member states in the field of the cement industry and building

Minister of Industry and Trade Walid Asfour today discussed with members of the board of directors of the federation the need for coordination among the Arab countries in the production of cement as well as the significance of the exchange of information in this connection.

TAX RATES

	According to curren	t law (individuals)
irst	JD 400	5 per cent
	JD 400	7 per cent
19	,,	10 per cent
**	**	15 per cent
71	**	20 per cent
,,	17	25 per cent
91	**	30 per cent
**	JD 1,200	35 per cent
**	JD 2,000	40 per cent
**	JD 2,000	45 per cent
he n	mainder	50 per cent

According to proposed law (individuals)

4 ' ,	
First JD 1,000	5 per cent
Next JD 1,000	10 per cent
17	15 per cent
Next JD 2,000	20 per cent
31 99	25 per cent
. 27 29 .	30 per cent
Next ID 4,000	35 per cent
The remainder	40 per cent

Current law (companies)

45 per cent for insurance, banks, financial and money-changing

38.5 per cent for public shareholding industrial companies 40 per cent for other companies.

Proposed law (companies)

45 per cent for insurance, banks, financial and money-changing companies

30 per cent for public industrial companies

35 per cent for privately owned industrial, and publicly held educational, tourist, and hotel services companies. 38.5 per cent for other publicly held companies, and private.

health, educational, hotel and tourism companies. 40 per cent for other private companies

There is no tax on stock dividends in either the current law or the proposed law.

role of tax assessors would the sale contract's signature. The become the checking of tax draft would tax the returns filled in by taxpayers,

Businessmen and companies already comply satisfactorily with self-assessment requirements, one Jordanian accountant told the Jordan Times. The department is aiming at wealthy and self-employed individuals, who do not have their taxes withheld. The accountant remarked that it seemed income tax revenues might double if such people were

INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS

According to the current law

According to proposed law

House rent: 50 per cent of rent for first JD 2,000; 10 per cent oo

brought onto the rolls. But be A ceiling of 25 per cent cur-rently set on deductions for donanoted that Amman was rumoured to have somewhere between 3,000 and 5,000 residents with fortunes of J.D. 1 million or more, whose sources of income are very

payments in the year each one is

Another draft provision would assess life assurance companies' taxable income at eight per cent of their revenues; currently it is set at 10 per cent. Complicated formulae metuded in the current law for the assessment of income on other types of insurance firms are abolished in the draft, which leaves such assessment to the discretion of the tax department.

tions to the government, army, public institutions and municipalities would be lifted

Her Highness Princess Basma

Basma to head **Kidney** society

the society.

can achieve its desired goals.

parts of the country. The aim of the society is to sol-

of the area in which they live.

increase the number of kidney machines and to distribute them to the various parts of the country according to the needs of the

The proposed new tax law is

1562 ships unload 5.5m tonnes at Aqaba

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) — Ports Corporation General Director

Ahmad Fawzi Abu Nuwwar today said 1562 ships called on

Agaba Port and unloaded 5,546,918 tonnes in the first 11 months

this year, compared to 1319 ships with 2,636.953 tonnes during

the same period last year. Mr. Abu Nuwwar said the corporation

expects more than six million tonnes to be unloaded in Aqaba by

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) — The Board of Directors of the

Federation of the Jordanian Chambers of Commerce (FJCC) met

today under the federation's chairman Mohammad Ali Bdeir.

The board discussed the federation's report on its activities during

the second half of this year and the resolutions, recommendations

and proposals made to advance the federation and the trade

movement in Jordan. The board also discussed the federation's

activities on the local, Arab and international levels and its con-

tribution to advancing Jordanian and Arab economic activities

and providing an atmosphere suitable for creating economic con-

ditions to satisfy consumers and merchants. The board also discussed problems facing importers on the domestic and foreign roads and congestion in the Port of Aqaba. The board also

reviewed the current supply situation and the means necessary to provide the market with the needed supply commodities. The

meeting was attended by the federation's secretary general Amin

Al Husseini and the chairmen of the Jordanian chambers of

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) — The Military Court bas sentenced 54 Jordanian merchants to pay fines of JD 40 each or to spend 80

days in prison if they do not pay the fine. The court found them

guilty of violating Ministry of Supply regulations. The military

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (J.T.) - Dr. Mustafa Al Zarqa, professor at the

University of Jordan's Shart'a Faculty, will participate in a meet-

ing of Arab League General Secretariat experts which will be held

in Tunis Monday. The participants in the 10-day meeting will

discuss this year's activities of committee of experts on a unified

Pay JD 40 or go to jail for 80 days

governor approved these sentences today.

Unified Arab civilian law

civilian law for the Arab countries.

FJCC discusses commerce situation

Bankers start training course

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (J.T.) - A training course organised by the Jordanian Banks Association on dealing with foreign currencies began here today.

Deputy Director General of the Arab-Jordan Investment Bank Jawad Hadid gave a lecture on factors governing currency exchange rates. He explained the meaning of the strength and weakness of negotiable currencies and gave a historic account of the systems affecting exchange rates, such as that of fixed parities and its relation to the Briton Wood and Smithsonian agreements.

He also elaborated on the floating rates system, the "Snake Tunnel" system and the monetary system in Europe.

Mr. Hadid then reviewed the basic factors affecting currency exchange rates, such as technical factors and the "fundamentals," which include the general factor related to expenditure and production, the purchasing power theory, inflation and

NEWS BRIEFS

Prophet's birthday celebrations discussed

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (Petra) - Minister of Awqaf and Islamic and

Holy Places Affairs Kamel Al Sbarif today presided over a meet-

ing of Awqaf directors in the presence of the ministry's under-

secretary and department directors. During the meeting, they

discussed the necessary arrangements for celebrations marking

the upcoming Prophet Mohammad's birthday and the religious guidance camp which will be opened next Thursday in the north-

University to attend biochemistry seminar

AMMAN, Dec. 1 (J.T.) - The University of Jordan will par-

ricipate in a seminar on applied biochemistry which will be beld in

Al Hammamat, in Tunisia, on Dec. 10. Participants in the seminar

will discuss subjects related to applied biochemistry, protein nut-

rition, contamination, enzymes, antibodies and microbiology as

applied in food and pharmaceutical industries. The University will

be represented at the seminar by Dr. Mousa Al Nazer, chairman

of the Chemistry Department at the Faculty of Science; Dr.

Warehouses seminar ends in S. Arabia

IRBID. Dec. 1 (Petra) - A seminar on warehouses and pur-

chases in Arab universities, held at King Faisal University in Al

Ihsa in Saudi Arabia in cooperation with the Federation of Arab Universities, has recommended the establishment of an Arab

association for officials in charge of warehouses and purchases in

the Arab universities. The Yarmouk University representative in

the seminar, Mr. Mahmoud Al Hiyari, who returned to Amman

from Saudi Arabia today, said the recommendations also called

for convening training courses for employees of warehouses and

purchase departments in order to raise the level of their skills. The

recommendations also called for designing, establishing and

organising warehouses according to modern methods and sup-

plying them with early warning systems and automatic fire fight-

ing equipment, be said. Mr. Hiyari added that the seminar also

recommended the introduction of modern, automatic mechanical

and electronic equipment in the management of warehouses and

purchase departments in Arab universities. It also recommended

the formation of a followup committee to implement the recom-

mendations, he said. The recommendations also called for draw-

ing up unified Arab translations for scientific and commercial

Rashad Al Natour and Dr. Fu'ad Hashwah.

ern Jordan Valley under the auspices of the awqaf minister.

its relationship with economic activities and policies, deflation, reflation, stagilation and the balance of payments. Lectures will be delivered during the course on

terms used in currency exchange markets, open centres in the foreign currencies, the spot market, applied methods in currency exchange markets, "the forward market and its applications in Jordan, monetary markets operation, including the Eurodollar, Central Bank instructions on dealing with foreign currency, and the Jordanian dinar and its relationship with foreign currencies. The aim of the training course is to acquaint

bankers and bank employees in Jordan with modern methods used in dealing with foreign currencies, proceeding from the association's policy of holding intensive training seminars and courses to serve the banking community and the national

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

The Turkish Arts Exhibition, a century's retrospective of Turkish painting, at the Jordan National Gallery.

Ceramics by Islam Nuseirat and Vivian Batshoun, at the Haya Arts Centre.

Lectures

The American Centre, in cooperation with the American Centre of Oriental Research, presents a lecture by Dr. David McCreery on discoveries at Bab edb-Dhra' at the American Centre auditorium at 6.30 p.m.

The Jordanian Pharmacists Association presents a lecture entittled "The Reliability of Dissolution in Tests in the Prediction of Bioavaliability' by Dr. Adnan Dakkuri at the Professional Associations Complex at 7.30 p.m.

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Managing Editor: MAAZ D. SHUKAYR Advertising Manager FERNANDO FRANCIS

Editorial and advertising offices: JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan,

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Sign here, Mr. Moon

THE FOLLIES never end. Now, friends, we have the signing of the American-Israeli "strategic cooperation" agreement. Of course, one has to take in all this within its proper perspective. The Americans, in their present frame of mind and under the present administration. would sign a strategic cooperation agreement with the Man on the Moon if they thought that such a step would a) confront the Russians, h) fulfil Mr. Reagan's lingering electoral pledges, c) substitute for an obvious lack of coherence in American foreign policy, or d) all of the above. In the case of the strategic cooperation agreement with Israel, we suspect it is a case of d) all of the above.

The Americans have been backtracking somewhat since the strategic cooperation with Israel idea was announced during Menachem Begin's visit to Washington earlier this autumn. The accord signed in Washington this week by the visiting Israeli defence minister, Mr. Ariel Sharon, also seems to fall short of what Israel had expected. The agreement concluded is violently anti-Russian in intent, and considerably out of touch with the reality of the Middle East that the Americans are so keen to protect.

The vast majority of Arabs will heap ridicule and scorn on the agreement because we feel that the primary threat to the stability of our part of the world does not come from any real or imagined Soviet threat. Rather, it comes from - you guessed it - Israel and the support and supplies it receives from the United States. The awful irony of an American-Israeli accord to protect a region that feels most threatened by American-Israeli policies is typical of the strange times we live in. Like we said, the follies never end

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Kinfolk, unite and be alert

AL RA'I: The ultimate purpose behind the village associations set up by Israel in some areas of the occupied West Bank has been exposed to have a greater dimension than just political opposition to the PLO and tempting the steadfast people of the occupied territories into cooperating with Israeli authorities. These associations have been developed into armed militias to terrorise our kinfolk by armed oppression backed by the occupiers and in their interests.

This new development reveals that the Zionists have decided to delegate their aggressive practices against our kinfolk to a few agents in order to project an image of an armed conflict among the Palestinians themselves with no Israeli hands involved.

The village associations militia phenomenon proves that Israel has planned a bloody scheme. Our steadfast people in the occupied territories must be alert and unite to confront this scheme and foil it.

We do not doubt that the Palestinian people will destroy those few agents who form the village associations and provide further proof that they are steadfast on their lands and insist on protecting their identity and heritage.

Zionist crimes continue unabetted

AL DUSTOUR: The Zionists have added another crime to the list of astrocities committed against all human values and principles, religious beliefs and international laws by the burning of the Hassan Bek Mosque in Jaffa.

This crime did not come as a surprise nor was it committed by extremists as Israel alleges. This is a premeditated crime. The decision to burn the mosque was adopted when Israel planned to turn the mosque into a park. The Israeli retraction on the decision was only to conceal its aggressive intentions against the mosque and against all Islamic and Christian holy places. It is the Israeli fanaticism that is behind all these crimes.

These Israeli hostility and practices against Islam and Christianity prove beyond doubt His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan's assertion that the holy places can not be put under Israeli protection. The Jews still believe that they are the best human race and that their religion is the most noble. This idea is an integral part of the Zionist beliefs. This is why Israel is not qualified to protect the holy

We have all the Israeli practices as irrefutable evidence of Israel's pretenses about its respect for all religions. Israel can no longer ascribe these crime to extremists and this will never relieve the Zionists from the direct responsibility for

It is regrettable to note these Israeli crimes being committed as Arab weakness becomes apparent in the absence of solidarity. This absence of Arab and Islamic solidarity gives Israel all the time it needs to implement its schemes and plots to destroy holy places and to tighten its grip on the occupied territories and their Muslim and Christian citi-

It is hoped that the burning of the Hassan Bek Mosque would be the beginning of an Arab and Islamic awakening that can clear the clouds banging over the Arab arena and alert the people to the reality of the Zionist danger threatening everyone.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY

Direct T.V. from satellites

By Dr. Awn Rifai

The idea of transmitting television programmes directly from the satellites to the vicwers at home originated as early as the time when scientists thought of launching geo-stationary (geographically stationary) satellites. The intention was to transmit television signals that can be picked up by a roof-top antenna without the need to go through the earth-satellite station or the television studios

for local re-transmission. The first satellite earmarked for this purpose is expected to be launched in 1985. There are, though, many misgivings whether the technical specifications of such a system will provide the best reception of television programmes. Scientists are now examining three technical methods of transmission in order to iden-

tify the most feasible one, taking into consideration the technical, economic, and social merits. The two main factors which are crucial to the outcome are the requirements for transmission on the satellite. and those for reception at

The projected system will relay the programmes from the satellite at an altitude of 36,000 kilometres, down to a reflector antenna of one metre diameter fixed at the roof of the house. One of the problems which faced scientists at this stage was the penetration of the electromagnetic signals through the atmnsphere in various weather conditions, which necessitated the design of a new transmission system. The performance of the network as a whole will depend nn the transmitted power, the fre-

quency of electromagnetic waves, the efficiency of the receiver, and the deterioration of the signal due to weather conditions and rain.

A lnt of controversy has elouded the implementation of the system. One of the favourable ideas suggests the transmission of the same programmes in different languages subject to the choice of the receiver. Annther idea recommends the transmission of national and international news and programmes to remote sites which are beyond the reach of usual signals. This system can also he employed to replace the terrestrial links, which may be non-existent in some developing countries of wide areas, and to relay educational programmes to the thinly dispersed populations.

Such networks have already been put into practice on a small scale in some countries.

Besides the technical problems that confront the scientists working in this field. there are legal, economic, and political hurdles that have to be surmounted hefore the implementation scheme gets completed. For instance, one of the legal problems to be resolved within the framework of the United Nations is that of the allocation of specific geographical positions and of defined electromagnetic frequency ranges for every satellite. This will create some contradiction with the work of the scientists who strive to develop the technical features and specifications of the network at an economical cost, with minimal attention to the legal

rights or requirements of every country concerned.

In some countries, the government monopolises all the communications services and facilities. These governments do not allow any programme to be transmitted on the air unless it is scrutinised and censored by the authorities. The projected network will be outrightly rejected by such countries, unless the transmission is confined to educational programmes. Other countries will not participate in the implementation of the network for fear of being showered with social, cultural, religious, or ideological beliefs whose dissemination they will not be able to prevent. The network will also affect competition among the television companies, fur better or for worse.



Will Jews shed Jewish blood in the cause of peace with Egypt?

Can Tel Aviv manage to defuse Sinai powderkeg? Wait and see

By Arik Bachar

SINAI - Jewish settlers in occupied Sinai seem in no great hurry to pack their bags as the date draws nearer for Israel's evacuation of the arid border region.

And none of them seems ready to give a firm answer to the burning question: "Will Jews shed Jewish blood in the cause of peace with the Arabs?"

Rahbi Yisrael Ariel, spiritual leader of the ultra-nationalist movement set up to oppose withdrawal from Sinai next April, told Reuters: "Our plans do. not exclude the possibility of using arms. The government will have to order Israeli troops to shoot us because there is no way we shall leave peacefully."

Three years ago when Israel agreed at Camp David to evacuate 3,000 Jewish settlers from the peninsula in return for peace with Egypt, government officials hoped lavish financial compensation would persuade the vil-

lagers to leave. But with only five months left until the withdrawal, hardline settlers are frantically planting crops whose harvest is due well after April. "We intend to be here to see the fruit and vegetable ripe," one settler explained.

The residents of this small town on the sandy Mediterranean of the veteran Gush Emunim beaches of northern Sinai and 13 agricultural villages surrounding it motivated primarily by a hiblical

occupied the peninsula in the 1967 Middle East War.

In those days the prospect of peace with Egypt looked like a pipe dream, similarly the chances of Israel ever giving up the area which put the then-hostile Egyptians far from Israel's population

When the late Egyptian President Anwar Sadat threw the Middle East scene wide open by his trip to Jerusalem in 1977, most Israelis were too busy celehrating the first chance of peace to bother about Sinai settlers protesting

against the evacuation. But after the assassination of President Sadat in October and with the deadlock in negotiations on Palestinian autonomy, the settlers now elaim that more Israelis than not will support a government decision to at least

delay the withdrawal "We can provoke the Egyptians to take steps that will make it easier for us to call the evacuation nff," said Hannan Porat, Knesset (parliament) member of the

ultra-nationalist Techiya Party. Together with three other hardline Knesset members, Mr. Porat has recently moved to Sinai to lead the campaign against the pullout.

Most fervent opponents of the withdrawal come from the ranks (faith bloc) movement which is

came to the area after Israel vision of what Israel's map should look like.

"The law of the Bible was bere long before Israel signed the peace agreements," said Mr. Porat. And if the Bible says Smai is a part of Israel, Smai must remain a part of it."

The Gush members, whose unrelenting campaign played a key part in the establishment of many of the Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank since Prime Minister Menachem Begin took office in 1977, are just zealous about the Sinai.

Their determination is perhaps best displayed in the settlement of Atzmona, some 30 kms further south into the peninsula, the only outpost established illegally to protest the signing of the Camp David accords in September,

Situated on a barren sand dune overlooking the palm-covered coast the small outpost has been the home of 80 Israelis, men wamen and children who believe it will take more than Israeli troops to remove them after withstanding the rough conditions.

Yitzhak Eedles, 34, who shares a caravan that has seen better days with his wife and four children. says their continued presence has come as a surprise to Israeli offi-

"When we settled on this spot officials who came to investigate thought we would be driven away by the rough weather and isolation before long," he said. Three years later, the settlers

have improvised a kindergarten, school and synagogue. Several miles away they turned five acres (2 hectares) of rugged terrain into a tomato field and are now working on 25 acres (11 hectares)

"Our agricultural produce" fetches nice profits both on the local and overseas markets and as we plan to be here for many years to come, there is no reason why we sbouldn't expand," Mr. Eedles said.

"Sadat was an enemy who could not defeat us on the hattle field although he managed to kill thousands of our people," said Mr. Eedles. "The peace agreement was a trick designed to accomplish what be could never have done in war."

The movement to stop the withdrawal has been gaining strength since President Sadat's death, activists say, adding that nearly half a million Israelis have signed a petition against the evacuation.

In the commercial centre of Yamin, Meisha Mishcan has been on a hunger strike for nearly two months, pledging to starve himself to death unless the government called off the withdrawal.

And more settlers move in every day to fill the few houses evacuated by others. Many families have recently moved in enjnying free supply of water and

electricity despite official threats to remove them.

Many in the movement say they believe the fact that the government has taken no measures to push them out proves that officials in high echelons are sympathetic.

Mr. Begin's spokesman, Uri Porat, denied that notion. "We hope that when the time comes evacuation will be carried out without violence. But anybody who will try to interfere will be removed by force."

But in the floorishing agricultural settlements, where the centuries-old scenery of bedouin tents has given way to lush villas surrounded by green fields, there is talk of large-scale resistance.

Mrs. Ella Weizman, who settled

in the village of Saddat 10 years ago and is now a leader of the anti-withdrawal movement, said scores of thousands would come to the area to stop the evacuation. 'We are sitting on a time bomh

with too many people controlling the fuse," she said. "We just can't be responsible for all those who are against giving up the area."

Many of the settlers, especially those from the Gush movement, believe they are fighting the hattle for permanent Israeli control over other occupied Arab lands, particularly the West Bank.

"Judea and Samaria (the West Bank) and Sinai are just the same," said Knesset member Porat. "The withdrawal must be stopped here before it is too late."

Moslem Brothers -- traitors or just fundamentalists?

By Jeremy Clift

Reuters

BEIRUT - The Moslem Brotherhood, hlamed by Syria for Sunday's devastating bomh attack in the heart of Damascus, is an ultra-conservative grouping that wants a return to a strict Islamic society.

The hlast, in which 90 people died and 135 were wounded according to official figures, was the most serious attack since a massacre of about 60 army cadets in the northern city of Aleppo two years ago. The massacre was also

blamed on the Brotherhood,

and the Syrian government has

hranded it as a fanatic organisation responsible for a series of bombings and killings over the past few years. But, despite successive sec-

urity crackdowns aimed at the Brotherbood, sporadic antigovernment violence continues. According to Western and Arab diplomatic sources, Sun-

day's car bombing was the fourth against sensitive targets in the Syrian capital since August. Officials in Damascus accuse

the Brotherhood of being hirelings of Israeli and American paymasters. They say the violence is designed to undermine

Syria's hardline opposition to the Camp David peace accords between Israel and Egypt.

The movement was founded in 1928 in Egypt hy Hassan Al Banna to combat Western influence considered to be corrupting Islam.

The late Egyptian President Gamal Abdul Nasser dissolved the movement in 1954, jailed thousands of its followers and had several leaders executed for an attempt on his life.

But the fundamentalist organisation partially reemerged five years after Nasser's death in 1970 when President Anwar Sadat declared an amnesty.

The Egyptian government has said the men who assassinated President Sadat at a Cairo military parade last month had connections with an extremist Moslem group, pledged to achieve its aims by violence.

The Syrian Brotherhood is led by Isam Attar, who now lives in exile in West Germany.

Since Syria coneluded a 20-year treaty of friendship with the Soviet Union, a number of Brotherhood attacks bave been directed against Soviet experts helping the government of President Hafez Ai Assad.

According to the Soviet

news agency TASS, two experts were killed in a bombing last month. It blamed the Brotherhood for the attack.

The Brotherhood has been banned in Syria since the Baath Socialist Party came to power in 1963, and is now believed to operate in tight underground cells.

In July last year the govemment launched a new offensive against Moslem extremists after serious disturbances in several Syrian cities. The official Syrian media said members of the Brotherhood were Arab traitors who had sold out to the

Watch out! The robot revolution is coming

By Salim Abu Shaar

"A FAITHFUL servant 5 m your service; doesn't eat, drink sleep, rest or get sick. You don't have to pay him a wage or to contact the Social Security Department. Why don't you buy a robot?"

I think that one may read such an advertisement in the Jordan Times next year. But what is a robot, in fact?

There are different definitions. According to the Robot Institute of America, a robotia a "reprogrammable, multifunctional manipulator". The definition implies that a mechanical arm must becomputer-controlled to be elassified as a robot.

Japanese version

Some people don't use to narrow a definition of robots. The Japanese, in particular usnally include "fixedsequence robots" in their robot statistics. The mechanical arm of these machines is controlled not by a computer but by some electro-mechanical switcher These switches are placed inside the robot in such a way that the moving arm physically trips one of them each time it. completes a specific bit of inroutine. Each tripped switch signals that the moving arm a ready to begin the next bit of itstask, and so on until it completes all the work and the

cycle could begin again.
Such machines can be taugh: new tasks, but only if the machine is taken apart and: each of its switches pain stakingly re-positioned, -American and European robot experts think that re-building takes too much time to qual as reprogramming.

Sensitive robots

To do jobs like arc-welding and final assembly in indistry, robots will have to be equipped with senses that few have now. More important, they will have. to learn to act on what those senses tell them: Mindless. repetition of simple motions is. not enough to fit parts together or to follow a seam with a welding torch, or even to fit a peg into a hole. To insure doing such jobs accurately, robots need to see the peg and bole.

None of the robotic vision M COULINS research labs can actually see. They cannot tell a robot where a part is or help him to orient it in relation to another part. All they can do is tell him whether the part is where the robot expects it to be. And they can do that only under certain carcumstances.

Recognise and react

Although a video camera ... can supply a computer with plenty of electronic infotmation about what things look. like, the problem in vision sys: tems lies in recognition and reacting to the information. ..

Nevertheless, today's vision systems try to simplify things by using new technologies.
One snag is that nobody really knows bow the human mind makes sense of visual information, so to tell a computer what to look for.

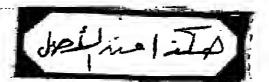
Big companies nowadays like to tell the world that the are using robots. Most do not like to say exactly how. They think that this is a good reprtation for them, but at the same time they aim to boost the purductivity of other machines by feeding them with parts quickly and smoothly.

No more science fiction

Robots are no more science fiction. Japan as well as the United States and some other countries produce robots Some 75-80 per cent of the thousands of robots in Japan are of the fixed-sequence type which are relatively merpensive; each costs \$3,000 \$10,000. The Japanese are beginning to boast more computer-controlled robotsand they hope to increase the value of their exports of these machines to\$400-\$500 million by 1990.

The employment of robots depends on many variables first of all it depends on their "wage", which is in the form of depreciation and maintenant charges. Economically speak ing, rising wage bills, and the "non-wage" costs imposed on-humans by safety regulations and the like, are working in

favour of the robots. Unions, the other side of the coin, want to cage robots, and robot-makers are doing that best to conquer the market Who wins?



tities of maize to countries such as

A popular method of getting

South African products into hos-

tile African and Asian countries is

done with exports from Rhodesia

ern Africa depend heavily on food

supplies from South Africa, A

well-known Johanneshurg con-

cern is rumoured to have con-

cluded a multi-million dollar

transaction recently to sell a wide

variety of food and other house-

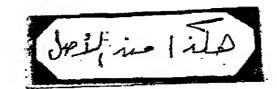
Financial Times news feature

hold essentials to Zambia.

Black-ruled countries in south-

during the sanctions years.

Venezuela and Iran.



ECONOMY

Zhao outlines economic growth plans

KING, Dec. 1 (R) — Chinese mier Zhao Ziyang outlined ns today for a long period of adjusted, he said. w but steady economic growth I pledged action to eliminate reaucracy and overmanning in government, officials said.

peaking at the annual session China's parliament, the tional People's Congress, Mr. ao said he would cut staff, nent departments i reshuffle many leading ninistrators in an effort to ost efficiency.

He set a four per cent target for momic growth next year, up m an estimated three per cent

Heavy industrial output, which uld drop five per cent this year ause of swingeing cuts in govagain next year as it reformed and .

The economy was not expected to grow very fast in the period of the 1981-85 five-year plan, which was still being drafted almost a year late.

But the premier said he looked forward to higher growth later. The aim was to increase farming and industrial output fourfold by the year 2000 so that China's billion people, by then numbering many more, would be better off.

Mr. Zhao's mentor, the powerful communist party vicechairman Deng Xiaoping, has said the government should aim to quadruple annual per capita income to between \$800 and \$1,000 by the end of the century. China would then be able gradually to enter the ranks of the developed nations, Premier Zhao

In a separate report to the congress, Finance Minister Wang Bingqian described as an important victory the drop in the state budget deficit this year from nearly 13 billion yuan (over seven hillion dollars) to 2.7 hillion yuan (\$1.6 billion).

He said the official defence budget had been cut this year to 16.87 billion yuan (\$9.8 billion), though diplomatic analysts cautioned that this was not the full total since important military spending is buried in other economic appropriations.

This was 12.7 per cent less than last year's figure of 19.33 billion yuan (\$11 million), which had dropped 13 per cent on 1979

when China fought a costly border war with Viemam.

Premier Zhao said he would streamline government departments first as an example to the

rest of the country.

He complained that China had a "hloated overlapping adminis-trative structure" which bristled with multi-layered, overstaffed departments with too many nominal chiefs and superfluous deputy

He said Chinese officials often got "bogged down in endless debates and shifts of responsibility" and thus had a very low working efficiency. He told the congress the duties of government departments should be more clearly defined, and called for a strict system of rewards and pun-

Difficulties grow for back-door exporting

ated.

By Bernard Simon

JOHANNESBURG: South Africa's furtive efforts to bypass international trade boycotts have been highlighted by a protracted dispute involving a shipment of animal feed to Singapore.

The outcome of the dispute could have far-reaching impli-cations for South African exporters, as well as for foreign traders doing business with South Africa in defiance of government boycott

The two parties at loggerheads are Jooseng, a Singapore based trading company, and Raphaely Singapore, an associate of Leo Raphaely and Sons, a well-known South African commodity trading house with a reputation for penetrating difficult markets for South African goods, notably in black Africa, the Middle East and Far

Earlier this year. Jooseng signed a contract with Raphaely Singapore for delivery of a shipment of maize grits, a processed maize product used for animal feed. It is understood that the grits had previously been bought by another Raphaely company from a prominent South African food producer, Tiger Oats.

Shortly before the cargo was to be shipped from Durban, Jooseng repudiated the contract, and Raphaely sold the goods else-

In the meantime, however, the ruling market price for grits has fallen sharply. Raphaely alleges that its eventual income from the sale was some \$1 million lower than the price agreed with Jooseng. It is now claiming this amount from the Singapore com-

Jooseng is contesting the claim on two main grounds. First, it claims that the quality of the grits was below the standard specified in the contract. Its second defence revolves

around the origin of the shipment. Although neither company will comment on the exact terms of the

Al-Mahattah

Abu Leil

Al-Razi

Asfour Khalid

Al-Shahid

American Centre

Goethe Institute

Y.W.M.A.

contract, a Raphaely official confirmed that "the dispute is which part of southern Africa the maize came from."

The company would go no further than saying that the origin of the maize grits was "southern Africa.

It is understood, however, that the product shipped to Jooseng was accompanied by Mozambican documents. But Jooseng contends that the true origin was South Africa, and that Raphaely thus broke a key provision of the con-

A crucial issue in the dispute is whether Jooseng was aware that it was, in fact, buying South African and not Mozambican maize gris.

Interestingly, Mozambique does not export maize grits at all and imports sizeable quantities of unprocessed maize from South

Singapore officially boycotts South African goods, but trade links between the two countries are well-established. South African passport holders frequently visit Singapore. According to the Taiwanese consulate in Johannesburg, China Airlines has been given permission by the Singapore government to route its proposed regular flights between Taipei and Johannesburg via the city state.

One factor complicating the Raphaely-Jooseng dispute is that the two parties cannot agree on where the case should be heard. Jooseng contends that jurisdiction lies with the Singapore courts, while Raphaely wants the matter referred for arbitration to the Grain and Feed Trade Association in London.

Barring an out-of-court settiement, the dispute is expected to drag on well into 1982.

Should a court or arbitration tribunal uphold Jooseng's defence

Government bonds ended with net falls ranging to % point ahead of an expected statement tomorrow from the Chancellor of the Exchequer on public expenditure and in lower equities. Shell

was 10p down reflecting the threat of a strike by petrol tanker drivers, dealers added. Gold shares weakened with the bullion price and North Ameri-

can issues eased slightly.

that the maize grits were of South South Africa sells sizeable quan-

find new methods of penetrating to disguise their origin, as was

Judge blocks Mobil's

CLEVELAND, Ohio. Dec. 1 (R) - A federal judge has dealt a blow

to the Mobil Corporation by blocking, at least temporarily, its \$6.5

Mohil is fighting U.S. Steel, America's largest steelmaker, to gain

Judge John Manos, acting on a request by Marathon, issued a

preliminary injunction vesterday that bars Mohil, the second largest

U.S. oil company, from going ahead with the takeover until an anti-monopoly suit brought by Marathon against Mobil is resolved.

The judge said the restraining order was designed to maintain the

In New York, Mohil said it had appealed against Judge Manos's

status quo so that Marathon, the 17th largest U.S. oil company,

would remain a viable entity until the courts resolve the entire issue.

order and would file a motion today for a stay of it. In Findlay. Ohio,

a spokesman for Marathon said the ruling vindicated its position that

that Mobil hid would violate anti-monopoly laws, the basis for its

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Dec. 1 (R) — The market closed lower in quiet

trading, reflecting the unexpected rise in weekly U.S. money

supply and firmer domestic money market rates which might rule

out an early cut in base rates, dealers said. At 1500 hours the F.T.

control of Marathon, which has extensive oil holdings in Texas and

\$6.5b takeover bid

billion attempt to take over the Marathon Oil Company.

African and not Mozambican

origin and that the Singapore

company was consequently enti-

tled to cancel the contract, South

African exporters may have to

hostile markets or face the danger

Whatever the merits of the

of more contracts being repudi-

Raphaely-Jooseng case, it serves as a reminder of the political

importance of South Africa's food

boycott South African goods turn

a blind eye to imports of essential

foodstuffs. It is an open secret that

court action in Cleveland.

index was down 6.2 at 531.6.

Many countries claiming to

Charter Consolidated closed unchanged at 233p having traded at a high of 238p after half-year results, while MEPC ended 10p up at 250 following final figures. Hanson Trust was 7p higher at 286.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

GM to eliminate 13,000 jobs

· DETROIT, Michigan, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - General Motors Corp. plans to eliminate the jobs of 13,000 of its 190,000 salaried workers worldwide over the next few weeks, press reports said today.

The Detroit Free Press newspaper quoted unidentified GM officials as saying the reductions would be based on assessments of

individual job performance. A GM official told the newspaper yesterday that the cuts would be made through layoffs, transfers of salaried workers to bourly status, retirements and attrition. He did not specify whether the layoffs were only planned for GM's operations in the United States or also in other parts of the world.

General Motors spokesman Clifford Merriot said a companywide review of salaried positions was being conducted, and that GM was considering cutting its work force because of recent reductions in planned production.

GM had said earlier that December production would be 17 per cent lower than in the same period a year ago.

The No. I U.S. carmaker has about 140,000 salaried employees in the United States, and about 50,000 overseas.

Merger is not in British interest, bank says

LONDON, Dec. 1 (R) — A merger between the Royal Bank of Scotland, the largest Scottish clearing bank, and Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation would not be in the British public interest, the Royal Bank said today.

The Royal Bank, which has agreed to merge with Standard Chartered Bank, said in a statement that no other developed country would allow a major domestic bank to be taken over in a contested bid which would transfer control to a remote base. Bids worth some £500 million (\$975 million) from both Hon-

gkong and Shanghai and Standard Chartered were referred in May to the British Monopolies Commission, which has until the end of January to make its recommendation to Department of

Senior bank analysts said the commission was unlikely to come down in favour of only one of the two bidders, and could include conditions in its recommendations.

In a statement of its own, Hougkong and Shanghai said that the Royal Bank appeared to have tried to pre-empt the task of the.

monopolies commission in deciding whether the merger was in the public interest.

Surge in VTR exports boosts Japan's production

TOKYO, Dec. 1 (R) - Booming exports of Japanese video tape recorders (VIR) pushed production above the one million mark for the first time in October, the Japan Electronic Industries Association said today.

This set a monthly output record, up almost 16 per cent on September. More than 80 per cent of the home entertainment equipment sets are usually exported.

The surge in VTR exports was expected to slow considerably next year because of gloomy economic conditions in the U.S. and the European Common Market and the yen's recent appreciation against the U.S. dollar, an association spokesman said.

Japan's colour television set production also topped one million in October, a rise of almost 19 per cent on the previous month, the association reported.

U.S. firm to supply USSR with farm technology

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 (R) - The financially troubled International Harvester Company has won government approval for the sale of \$300 million worth of farm technology to the Soviet

The commerce department said it had approved the company's export licence application for the technical data, to be used in a Soviet combine harvester plant.

International Harvester, like the rest of the U.S. farm implement industry, has seen its sales drop recently because high interest rates and low food prices have reduced farmers' ability to buy

In announcing the decision yesterday, Commerce Secretary Makcolm Baldrige said "the technology itself is low level and is not snbject to multilateral approval by our allies." He said Soviet officials could obtain the technology from other sources with little

Zaire-Nigeria airline talks stalled

23230

23715

64251

KINSHASA, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - Negotiations have broken down between the airlines of Zaire and Nigeria on plans to operate a flight between Lamaca, Cyprus, and Lagos, Nigeria.

According to Air Zaire, the talks broke down because Nigeria

Airways decided unilaterally to include the route in its schedule beginning in April 1982.

MES DAILY GUI

4:52

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES

Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh 37440

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman 24590 De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein 66428 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23585 Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh 75261 Armenian Catholic Church Astrafieh 71331

LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

Saudi riyal 98.4/98.8

Lebanese pound	73/73.9
Syrian pound	57.1/57.6
Iraqi dinar	655/663.3
Kuwaiti dinar 1	201.6/1208.3
Egyptian pound	350/360
Qatari riyal	91.7/92.6
UAE dirham	91.2/91.9
Omani riyal	960/967
U.S. dollar	333/335
· U.K. sterling	653.8/657.7
W. German mark	
Swiss franc	188.1/189.2
Italian lire	
(for every 100)	28.1/28.3
French franc	59.8/60.2
Dutch guilder	. 137.7/138.5
Swedish crown	61.4/61.8
Belgian franc	89.6/90.1
Japanese yen	
(for every 100)	155.5/156.4

RADIO JORDAN 55 KHz, AM 99 MHz, FM

JORDAN TELEVISION

Cartoons Local Programme Bionic Woman

Local Programme

News in Arabic

Arabic Series

... Boxing

Local Programme on

French Programme

Comedy: Faulty Towers

News in French

News in Hebrew

News in Arabic

Trapper Jones

Совшов News in English

HANNEL 3

EANNEL 6

:15

:25

9Sign on
Morning Show
3 Morning Show
News Headlines
Morning Show
Margie Theate
News Headlines
B Pop Session
3 Pop Session .
• News Bulletin
Instrumentals
Banc Elements of Music
News Summary
Instrumentals Old Favourites
French Pop Stars
9 Pop Session
News Swamper

Jibran Jibran 19:00 News Desk (News Bulletin. ... Press Review, News Reports) News Reports Instrumentals 20:30 21:00 21:03 . Evening Show News Stammary Evening Show ... News Headlines

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Country Style 04:45 Financial News 04:55 effections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 Bar-bershop Style 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 A Touch of Genins 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Letter from London 7:40 Book Choice 67:45 Report on Religion 68:06 World News; Reflections 68:15 Operatin 68:30 Take it or Leave it 89:09 World News; British Press Review 69:15 The World Today 89:30 Financial News 89:40 Look Ahead 99:45 Ray Moore's Album Time 19:15 Class sical Record Review 10:30 The Red and the Black 11:00 World News, News about Britain 11:15 Listening Post 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Nature Notebook 12:25 The Farming World 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Radio Theatre 14:15 Report on Religion 14:30 Three Centuries of Italian Opera 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 That Big Band Magic 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News; Listening Post

17:30 World News; Listering For 17:25 In the Meantime 17:46 Book Choice 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:60 World News; News about Britain 19:15 Radio Newsreel

18:30 Top Twenty 19:00 Outlook 19:39 Stock Market Report; Look

About 19:45 Lord of the Flies

20:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Assignment 21:00

Network UK 21:15 Music for Strings 21:30 Jazz for the Asking 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Paperback Choice; Financial News 22:48 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 1 Wish I'd Met... 23:30 Top Twenty

VOICE OF AMERICA

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses, 17:36 Dateline 18:06 Special English: news, feature "Space and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:80 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americans, science, culture, letters. 20:80 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:50 VOA World Report 22:20 News, Correspondents' reports, backgrounf features, media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Iordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

6:30	Karachi (PIA)
J:80	Carro (EA)
\$45	
8 :55	Agaba
9:40	Dhahran
7745	Kuwaii
	Muscat, Duba
	Abu Dhab
	Larnaca (CY)
14:00	Jeddah (SV
1450	Jeddah (SV Bucharest (Tarom)
15:30 .	Kuwait (KAC)
16:30 .	Cairo

Paris (AF)

Copenhagen, Athens Zurich (SR) 17:45 17:50 20:15 . Cairo (EA) Frankfurt (LH) 30:30 29:39 Beirut (MEA) 24:00 Budapest (HA) Cairo (EA) 01:00 ... Baghdad 01:15 Cairo

DEPARTURES:

3:36 .	Cairo
6:15 .	Frankfurt (LH)
6:45	Beirut
7:00 .	Aqaba
8:00 .	
9:00 .	Rome (Alitalia)
9:00	Cairo (EA)
9:25 .	Beirut (MEA)
9-30	Athens, Amsterdam (KLM)
10:25	Benut, Athens,
	Copenhagen (SK)
11:00	Vienna, New York
11:45	Lamaca (CY)
12:00	London
15:00	Jeddah (SV)
16:15 .	Bucharest (Tarom)
16:30	Kuwait (KAC)
	Kuwait
	Dhahran
	Jeddah
	Cairo
20:15	Baghdad
20:45	Bahrain, Doha
	Dubai, Res Al Khaimah
	Cairo (EA)
22:90	Baghdad
91:15 .	

EMERGENCIES

DOCTORS:
Abdul Aziz Al-Jamal 36149 Atef Al-Dabbas 68384/68236
Zerope:
Umar Qatrewi
PHARMACTES:
Naironch

SERVICE CLUBS

CULTURAL CENTRES

British Council 36147-8

French Cultural Centre 37069

Soviet Cultural Centre 44203 Spanish Cultural Centre 24349

Turkish Cultural Centre ... 39777

Haya Arts Centre 65195 Al Hussein Youth City 67181

Amman Municipal Library 36111

University of Jordan Library

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wed nesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club, Meetings every first and third Wednesday 21 the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Chab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holi-

MUSEUMS

day Inn. 1:30 p.m.

Military Maseum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64240. Folkiore Muneum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash

(4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Yearround. Tel. 51760 Popular Life of Jordan Mus

100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the

antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri-days and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains

a collection of paintings, ceramics,

and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -. 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government)	75111
Civil Defence rescue	. 61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency)	37111-3
Police headquarters	. 39141
Najdeh mying patrol rescue police. (English	spoken)
24 hours a day for emergency	1, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 9220	5/92286
Jordan Television	73111
Radio Jordan	74111
BAA C	1/5-

Fire headqua	rters	22090
Telephone	:	
Jordan and N Overseas radi	Aiddle East trunk calls	
PRICE	S	

MARKET

Tomatoes400	250	Apples (Golden)	200
Eggplant200	150	Bananas (Mukammar)	180
Potatoes (imported)	120	Apples (Double Red)270	200
Marrow (small) 220	170	Apples (Starken)250	200
Marrow (large)	100	Lemons 140	100
Cucumber (small) 240	200	Oranges (Abu surra)	180
Cucumber (large)	100	Oranges (Shamouti)140	100
Hot Green Pepper 160	100	Oranges (local) 100	70
Sweet Pepper	100	Oranges (French)140	100
Cabbage	100	Cauliflowers	200
Onions (dry)	70	Tangerine 200	150
Green onions	200	Bomali 180	100
Gartic	600	Carrot	100
Spinach260	200	Turnips	100
Coconut (piece)450	400	Chestnut620	500
Beans 320	250	Grapefruit	70
Bananas	200	Beel 150	100

Australia go two-up in series

BRISBANE, Dec. 1 (A.P.) -Senior Pakistan batsmen ignored instructions and this had cost the tourists the second cricket test against Australia, their captain Javed Miandad said here today.

Australia went two up in the three test series today with a crushing ten wicket win at the Brisbane Cricket Ground after taking the first test in Perth by 286

"Our senior batsmen went for runs instead of playing for a a disappointed Miandad

"I thought we would save the match at the start of play hut our batsmen tried to put pressure on Australia," he said.

Pakistan began the day at 64 for none, still 157 runs in arrears but with all wickets intact looked likely to force a draw.

But Dennis Lillee again broke through early and finished with four wickets to have the Pakistan innings in tatters.

appointed with our senior men." Miandad said.

when the batsman was 33.

drove home Australia's advantage

by dismissing Majidi Khan (15)

and Zaheer Abbas (0) in one over.

third victim to a ball which

"It came through quick and I missed it," he said later. Lillee

later bowled tough little all-

the innings by having Ejaz Faqih

caught by Chappell, then bowling

The catch by Chappell was the

Pakistan was finally all out just

two runs ahead at the tea interval

Brezhnev encounter)

skidded through low and trapped

Rod Marsh for 43.

be." Miandad said.

him lbw for 38.

Sikander Bakht.

'pretty good".

force?)

Werner Henze)

Lillee lifted his test wicket dismissals for Australia to 305 and is now just two hehind England's Fred Truman and close to the world record of 309, held by Lance Gibbs, the former West Indian spinner.

At one for 90 and moving along smoothly Pakistan had looked to he easing out of a tight situation.

"We were looking for a hit of magic from somebody and it came from the usual source. Australian skipper Greg Chappell said later.

Chappell was the unanimous choice for man of the match following his superb 201 in Australia's innings and it is the tenth such award he bas now col-

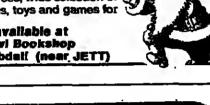
Chappell said there will he no letting up and Australia would strive to take the series three-nil in the third test in Melbourne starting on December 11.

Lillee split Pakistan's solid "Lillee was fantastic through-out the match but I was very dis-opening stand when be bad

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Brazil gears up to the World Cup

Mudassar Nazar neatly caught by RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 1 (R) Bruce Laird who sprawled across - Reared on the exploits of the turf to take a catch at silly leg legendary names such as Pele, Didi, and Garrincha, few The big fast bowler was on the Brazilian soccer fans found anyjoh again soon after when he had thing to celebrate when their side Mohsin Khan caught by keeper finished fourth and third in the last

two world cups. Then spinner Bruce Yardley In the sport's folklore, Brazilian managers unearth a new soccer treasure every time the tide goes out on Copacabana heach, the "This was the turning time of most consistent and glamorous the match. I expected plenty of conveyor-belt of footballing tairuns from Zaheer but it was not to

Brazil have won the World Cup Pakistan went to lunch at 145 three times, but the rare exhuberfor four but with another storm ance of their 1958, 1962 and 1970 building on the horizon and Mianteams was sadly lacking in West dad still at the crease, Australia Germany in 1974 and Argentina was still well away from victory. in 1978. Brazil were no longer But Miandad became Lillee's

great, merely good.

But in a move which has delighted football lovers everywhere, current national coach Tele Santana has turned the clock back in a bold bid to reproduce the old magic.

rounder Wasim Raja for 36 to fin-Players like Zico and Socrates ish with nine wickets for the match are already household names. and once again proved himself Australia's main strike power. Cerezo. Junior and Remaldo could find similar fame in Spain Then speedster Jeff Thomson next summer. joined in the combat to finish off

Yet 13 months ago, Santana was not exactly the most popular man in Brazil.

His first five games produced three wins over mediocre oppos-Australian captain's 100th in test ition, one draw and a defeat--a word which formerly did not appear in Brazil's soccer dictionary.

But the side has since blos-somed under Santana, winning 12 and Australia was forced to come out for a token appearance and register its win by ten wickets. Chappell said his record of of their last 13 internationals including wins against Spain. Chile, England, France and West sending teams in and winning was

TIME

The World News Magazine

Tension at the top (No one relaxes at Schmidt-

The Sinai debate (Will Europeans join the Sinai peace

Mullahs divided (Khomeini faces a threat from the

The biggest pipeline deal (Siberian gas for Europe)

Marxist art, capitalist style (Profile of composer Hans

Failure in Fez (Arab leaders badly split)

·· We have a good group of players and there shouldn't be many changes. Those who came in have proved themselves." Santana said after returning from a spying mission in Europe to watch other

qualifiers. In Spain, most eyes will be on Zico, one of the world's truly great players. In his early days, Zico's career was one of ups and down as he tried to live up to the title of the white Pele'.

Small and sturdy. Zico now vies with Argentine Diego Maradana for the title of the world's best

Zico's speed and lightning reactions in front of goal and his ability to score from free-kicks make him Brazil's top scorer. In September he crashed four past a hapless league of Ireland side.

Some Brazilians, however, regard Socrates as the star of the team. Whatever the arguments, Zico, Socrates and Cerezo seem the likliest midfield combination in Spain, baving played together for seven games in a row.

Santana has settled on the balding Valdir Perez as goalkeeper after trying three others. The current back four are Leandro and Junior--Zico's teammates with Rio's top team Flamengo, the South American champions--and Oscar and Luisinho.

Of Brazil's major European rivals. Santana said: "West Germany seemed the best followed by Yugoslavia who have such good

"Although I didn't see them play, I consider Spain as strong candidates because of the football they play and because they are

Santana has not seen the Soviet Union since they beat Brazil 2-1 in Rio in his second match as manager but he said: "I've heard good reports about them." Champions Argentina also fig-

ure high on Santana's list of Favourites. "You can't judge them by their recent results against Poland and Czecboslovakia. They will do well in Spain." he added. Santana, who took over the

national team in February 1980, hesitated for six days before accepting the job which he described as 'a good way to grow old quickly.'

But he has never regretted the decision and said: "I don't get tense or frightened, I have no trouble sleeping at nights."

If Brazil triumph in Spain, Santana will become a national hero. If they lose, his future will look bleak. For the world's most demanding fans, only the title counts.

Dutch, New Zealand yachts lead in round the world race

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - Ceramco New Zealand got a hero's welcome as the 21 metres Sloop arrived in Auckland today eight hours behind the Dutch yacht Flyer, line leader in the Whitbread round the world yacht race.

Ceramco's finish gave it unofficial handicap honours for the second leg of the race between Capetown and Auckland. Skippered by Peter Blake, the New Zealand Sloop had battled Flyer across the Southern Indian Ocean, but fell behind in the past few days and trailed about 129 km behind Flyer.

More than 500 small crafts escorted Ceramco on its run to the finish line as thousands of spectators braved wind and rain along the Auckland waterfront.

The 23 metres Dutch Flyer, skippered by Cornelius Van Rietschoten, crossed the finish line shaving four and one-half hours off the Capetown-Auckland section record set four years ago by former British Prime Minister Edward Heath's Condor. -

Flyer made the run in 30 days, 4 hours, 27 minutes and 50 seconds.

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The hidding: South West North East Pass Pass 1 + Pass 4 🕈 Page Page Opening lead: Ace of ♦.

During the course of play a situation may arise where the winning play in a suit. taken in isolation, is strictly a matter of guess work. The cluh suit in today's hand is such a case. At the table, bowever, no good player should ever go wrong!

As a passed hand, North's decision to jump raise his partner's suit rather than introduce hearts meets with our approval. Once a fine major-suit fit had been located, to show hearts would simply give the opponents gratuatous inform

West led the ace of diamonds and continued the suit. East won the queen and shifted to a low chib it declarer plays the wrong card from his hand, he will go down -- he will lose two ching in addition to the two diamonds tricks he bes iready lost.

A glance at the diagram is all you need to know that, to make his contract, declare must play the jack of chils from his hand. But you should make that decision at the table even though you can't see the defender hands Can you tell us why?

Since declarer must less at least one cluh in addition to the two diamond tricks he has already conceded, he can not afford to lose a trans trick. Furthermore, it against the percentages to play West for a singleton king of trumps, so declare should assume that East his the king. In that case, East will already have shown to with the king of spades and king-queen of diamonds: If he held the ace of clubs as wall. he almost surely would have opened the bidding.

Assuming that, in fact, East has the king of spades. it is about 100 to 1 that Westhas the ace of clubs, and the finesse of the jack of clubs is almost surely the only play that atands a chance of me

It'a almost like playing with open cards, isn't it! : :

Evonne Cawley comes back with a win

MELBOURNE, Dec. 1 (A.P.) — Evonne Cawley's third comeback to international tennis was boosted here today by a thrilling win over American Leslie Allen in the second round of the \$200,000 Toyota Australian Open at Kooy-

Cawley, down 2-4 in the final set, clawed her way past her opponent in a gritty 5-7, 6-3, 6-4 vic-

Allen later blasted the partis crowd who, in their overwhelming support for Cawley, regularly

clapped Allen's errors. The American said she was "disappointed" with the crowd. "I could tell how many mistakes I

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made by the way the cowd applauded," said the 24-year-old unseeded Allen.

"If I hit a winner there was a whisper of an ovation," said Allen, who was close to tears in the after-match press conference. Cawley said that she was slightly embarrassed with the cont applause for her during the match.

"I feel for the other player too but on the other hand I am at behind me," said Cawley, seeded eighth for the tournament.

Cawley said that the tong three-setter was just the type of match she needed to aid her conchack. Cawley said that each time she came back to internation tennis the competition was

This is the third time and each time I see different faces. The middle part has got a lot stronger and I have a lot of catching up to

do," she said. Allen seemed destined for a third round spot when she had two service breaks and ran up a 42

lead in the final set. But she made many unforce errors, including double faults which were applauded by the crowd and which upset by rhythm.

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iney work together as a learn eliminating Production holdups to ge

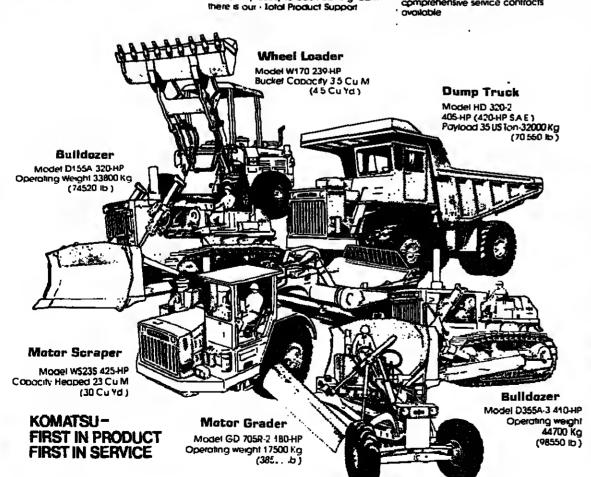
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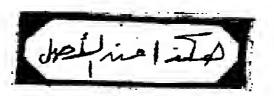
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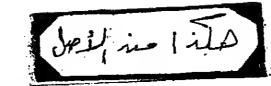
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FEATURES

The brain drain of the century

By Michelle Hibler

etween 1961 and 1972 the veloping countries gave the S.A., Canada and the U.K. ose to \$44 billion, according to NCTAD (United Nations Conrence on Trade and Developent). It came in the form of some 1,000 skilled migrants added to

zir labour pools.
Total official development sistance from the three indusalised countries amounted to 6 hillion during the same

The immigration of skilled where saves the host country the st of educating its own workers. e best documented example is e brain drain, or what NCTAD calls the "reverse nsfer of technology". A recent orld Health Organisation

HO) multinational study of - se and physician migration ly 1970s, 140,000 physicians re working outside their home intries. In Canada, more than per cent of all physicians are eign medical graduates. WHO imates the amount spent on ining migrant Filipino doctors \$100 million, or twice the awal health budget of the ilippines. The loss to India is imated at \$144 million.

Because of the volume involved imates range from 12 to 20 miln workers abroad - the migion of workers has become a stral feature of global economic

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form

Print answer here:

realities during the past twn decades. Some countries are now exporting up to a third of their labour force. In some receiving countries, more than half the work force is made up nf migrants.

According to Sergio Diaz-Briquets, programme director with the Population Reference Bureau in Washington, the causes of international migration are the same as those prompting migration from the rural to urban areas of the Third World -- lack of land, wage and employment gaps, and population pressures - made all the more obvious hy easy travel and communication. It is a case of 'modernisation without development," he says.

Diaz-Briquets was formerly a programme officer with the International Development Research Centre (IDRC), a Canadian organisation that is also concerned with the effects of international migrations. Yue-Man Yeung, the Centre's senior programme officer for demographic research, says international labour flows have become a major concern in hoth sending and receiving countries. "Yet very few studies have so far been undertaken to assess and analyse systematically what the effects of such labour movements in fact are," he adds.

In the Philippines IDRC is supporting a study of the impact of the recent exodus of Filipino men to work on contract in the Middle East. Carried out by the Institute of Labour and Manpower Studies,

IN WHAT STATE ARE

JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

the year-long study will examine the effects on individual workers, their families, and their home communities. The Caribbean area has historically suffered from a high level of emigration of skilled workers and professionals. Here IDRC is supporting studies in Barhados, Guyane and Surinam

to analyse the causes and con-

sequences of these long-term

trends. There can be little doubt that individual migrants benefit met-erially from their move. Emigration has also been viewed as e blessing for the exporting country. as it can serve to lessen the unemployment problem while hringing in foreign exchange in the form of remittances sent home by migrant

In 1975, remittances to developing countries reached some \$8 hillion. The funds are essential to some families' survival. Mexicans working in the U.S., for example, each support an average of 5.4 dependents by repatriating 30 per cent of their earnings. Remittances have also become a crucial part of national budgets and, according to the Worldwatch Institute, grew much faster in the 1970s than any other element of the GNP of labourexporting countries.

Dependency on remittances can leave labour-exporting countries in an extremely vulnerable position. As the demand for their workers drops, they face higher domestic unemployment com-hined with a diminishing source of foreign exchange.

There can be little doubt about who profits most from labour migration, apart from individual migrants: the receiving countries. The ability to import temporary workers means that a country has, in effect, a reserve supply of labour. This contributes to increasing the

flexibility of the economy to respond to shifts in demand, and also itself generates a demand for goods and services.

Other benefits accrue in times of economic recession as migrant workers on temporary visas and work permits can be repatriated. In Western Europe, temporary migration has long been the rule. In the mid-1970s, some 1.2 million workers returned home and new entries were sharply reduced. This ability to export unem-ployment to less developed countries helped many European nations offset the effects of recession by keeping domestic unem-ployment et lower levels. Seasonal migration is also increasing in Canade and the U.S., mainly to serve agriculture.

If immigration is advantageous to the host country, it is not withnut costs, mainly social costs. Some argue that the influx of skilled workers discriminates against host country citizens as madequacies in training facilities are perpetuated. A reduction of 'imports" would mean that more local workers would need to be trained, opening up avenues to people who otherwise are deprived of opportunity. These people are traditionally low income groups, minorities, and women.

The presence of less-skilled migrants et the low end of the wage scale can also prevent weges from rising as rapidly as they otherwise would, thus causing hardships for nationals who can't leave such jobs. Social tensinns can be aggravated, particularly at times of slow economic growth, as competition for jobs, housing, and services is beightened.

According to WHO and other egency demographers, hoth receiving and sending countries must share the responsibility for the volume of migration. In the case of developing country nurses and physicians, WHO says that developing countries graduate far more physicians than they can afford to employ. The industrialised countries, for their part, train insufficient numbers, mainly as a result of restrictive practices of the medical profession."

Moreover, says the study, as medical curricula in developing countries are based largely on

standards of the Western world, medical schools confer a degree that is "tantamount to an internetional passport."

The same misdirection of training and skills formetion and the

resulting inability to absorb those skills, is seen as responsible for the migration of a host of other pro-

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eanuts









utt 'n' Jeff

















FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, DEC. 2, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Cerroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The early part of the day ia nnt right for taking chances and the judgment of othera could cause difficulties. Wait until the afternoon when conditions imprave before making a decision.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You should take a different view and make new arrangements if a new plan is to work out right. Relax at home tonight.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) If you take more interest in helping others with their projects, you can add to your own progress. Dnn't follow any hunches now.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Not a good day to launch a new project. Make present plans more detailed and all goes well. Use more logic in your dealings. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21] You are most

alert to new husinees systeme now and can make big head-

way into the future. Use common sense. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Handle regular duties early in the day so that you'll have more time for recreation later. Take time to improve your talents.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22] Choose your words well at

hame or you could have trouble. Don't take any chances where your security is concerned. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) The afternoon is fine for

carrying through with monetary matters of importance. A financial expert can give you valuable advice. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 tn Nnv. 21) You can get the praise of a higher-up by chowing increased ckill in your work. Safe-

guard your good reputation. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Make sure you dnn't become involved in activities that give you nothing but trouble. Take needed health treatments.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Don't make decisions of importance early in the day. Improve your appearance and gain more confidence.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Do nothing that could alienate your good friends today because the planetary conditions are not favorable. Be calm. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 201 Be eure you do nothing

that could irk a higher-up today or you could regret it later. Take steps to improve your credit. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will

be a great problem solver if the home conditions are right. Teach that adversities are tests for the mind to challenge. Give the right religious training. A foreign language will be most helpful to career. "The Stars impal, they do not compel." What you make

of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Marion Moeser

command

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Arrangeme

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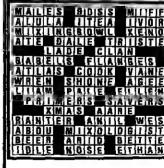
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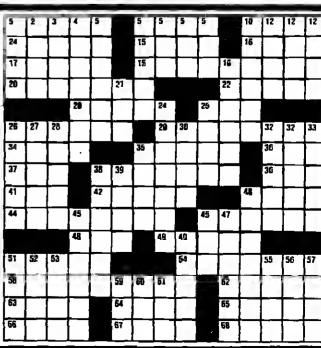
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Yesterday'e Puzzle Solved



Say "Boo!" Spain Caeals sufflx FIb Switch word 10 Hlp 11 Undarstanding words

12 Attired 13 New Zealand рапоt 19 Ship'e planking



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WORLD

Angolans claim credit for Luanda refinery attack

LISBON, Dec. 1 (R) - Angola today accused South Africa of sending a sabotage squad of white mercenaries to destroy its only oil refinery, which was damaged in a fire yesterday.

The official Angolan news agency ANGOP said the hlaze at the Belgian-cootrolled Petrangol refinery outside Luanda was caused by powerful bombs which exploded in strategic parts of the sprawling complex during the night.

It quoted Angola's oil minister. Lt. Col. Pedro van-Dunem, as telling a press conference in Luanda that the fire was an "act of economic sabotage by racist South Africa, using a group of white mercenaries.

ANGOP said the fire was still burning early today hut had been brought under control. The agency earlier predicted that the fire would be put out yesterday

An Angolan government communique said the bodies of several members of the sabotage squad were found at the refinery and ANGOP said the corpse of what it described as a white mercenary was displayed at Cnl. van-Dunem's press conference.

It denounced the action as a "flagrant violation of our sovereignty and territorial integrity by the racist South African regime, using a group of mercenaries trained, armed and directed by them (the South Afri-

of one if the present result stands.

He told reporters that he was

delighted by the alteration in the

said: "I am disturbed that such a

significant number of votes has

apparently been miscounted or

uncounted. It makes you wonder a

He confirmed that he would still

like to go ahead with a meeting

tomorrow with Social Credit,

which under the original result

would have held the balance of

Bruce Beetham, said he could see

no point in holding the discussions

But the third party's leader,

bit about what's going on."

power in parliament,

But Labour leader Bill Rowling

Gisborne result.

Muldoon gets parliamentary majority; original election result declared erroneous

WELLINGTON, Dec. 1 (R) -Officials today awarded an extra seat to Prime Minister Robert Muldoon's government, and with it an absolute parliamentary majority, after discovering a counting error in last Saturday's general election in New Zealand.

But the final result could be altered yet again as a result of special absentee ballots or legal challenges alleging voting irregularities.

The result as originally declared gave New Zealand its first hung parliament for more than 60 years. The amendment meant Mr. Muldoon's National (conservative) Party had 47 seats to 43 for the Labour Party and two for a small third party, Social Credit.

The returning officer in the northern Island constituency of Gisborne said 100 votes had wrongly been credited to the Labour candidate who was declared the winner on election night by 96 votes.

But the national candidate's tiny four-vote majority could be overturaed when absentee ballots are counted, a process likely to take at least 11 days.

After a parliamentary speaker (chairman) is elected, Mr. Muldoon will have a working majority

first shots in their armed struggle

against the Thai government and

the then Chinese foreign minister,

Marshal Chen Yi, announced

from Peking that the "war of lib-

cration" in Thailand had begun.

Since theo, the CPT's aim has

been to gain control over more

than 53,000 villages all over the

country in which 80 per cent of the

47 million That population live,

A spokesman of the Internal

Security Operations Command

(ISOC) said at a recent press brief-

ing Communist influence had now

penetrated into some 5,700 vil-

lages in northern and southern

parts of Thailand.

This apparently referred to the South African-backed National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA), which is fighting a guerrilla war against the Luanda government.

The Portuguese state oews agency ANOP said the UNITA office in Lisbon claimed responsihility for yesterday's fire. UNITA last hit Angola's vital oil installations in Aug. 1980 when guerrillas damaged fuel tanks in the southern port of Lobito.

Brussels, a spokesman for the Belgian oil company Petrofina said here today that the refinery, could be out of operation for two

The spokesman said damage to the Petrangol refinery outside the capital of Luanda was not as extensive as first appeared. Petrnfina's oil industry experts, contacted today by telephone in Luanda, estimated it would be two months before the refinery was working again.

Only one of the three distillation units was destroyed and a number of tanks for finished products also survived, he said.

The fire is expected to result in severe shortages of several refined oil products in Angola. Fuel oil, the most urgently needed, might be sought from refineries in the

Canary Islands or Gabon, he said. The refinery, in which the Belgian oil company has a 55 per cent stake, produced 1.23 million tonnes of refined products last

In Pretoria, meanwhile, South Africa today denied an Angolan accusation that it was responsible for the attack.

A South African Defence Force spokesman said it was a typical Marxist tactic to hlame other countries for internal strife.

it had nothing to do with the attack

if it returns the mercenaries for

trial by an international court

Mother and wife of Islambouli

The mother of defendant Khaled Islambouli and

during the second session of trial for the 24 accused sassinating Egyptian President Anwar Sadat.

tinued a nationwide campus

Riot police ringed the firemen's

academy in a northern Warsaw

suhurb but an interior ministry

spokesman insisted on state tele-

vision last night that there were no

plans to use force to dislodge the

The cadets began their protest

last Wednesday to press demands

for their school to come under

civilian instead of interior ministry

U.N. continues

UNITED NATIONS, Dec. 1

(A.P.) — The Security Council

remains deadlocked over its

choice of a new U.N. secretary-

Deadlock at

340-odd strikers.

regulations.

his wife, right, sit and listen to testimony Munday

WARSAW, Dec. 1 (R) - Amid continuing strikes and growing political opposition, the Polish government's chief union negotiator has said he sees little hope for the future.

"I would not like to be accused of pessimism but there are no major grounds optimism," Mr. Mieczyslaw Rakowski told the official news agency PAP.

His interview was published as cadet firemen defied the authorities and refused to end an occupation of their officer-training academy despite an official announcement that the school had been dissolved.

Warsaw pessimistic about future

Farmers also continued sit-in strikes in at least five cities and more than 100,000 students con-

Liberals win Honduran polls

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Dec. 1 (R) - The Centrist Liberal Party today prepared to assume power in the Central American Republic of Honduras after the first general election since a military takeovet almost a decade ago.

With more than 80 per cent of Sunday's estimated 1.2 million votes counted, official figures gave 54 per cent to the Liberals, 42 to the right-wing National Party and the rest to two small parties.

The return of Honduras to civilian rule will be formally completed in January when Liberal leader Roberto Suazo Cordova. who campaigned on a platform of gradual social reform, takes over as president from Gen. Policarpo

general. Philippine Foreign Minister Carlos Romulo yesterday told reporters after a 70-minute session that China raised the pos-

sibility of a split term between incumbent Kurt Waldheim and challenger Salim Anmed Salim of Tanzania. He said other members offered

no reaction to this or a suggestion by their president. Taieb Salim of Tunisia, that five other candidates be tested in balloting.

Natalie Wood death described as accidental

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 1 (R) — Actress Natalie Wood drowned accidentally after apparently slipping while trying to board a dinghy for a lone midnight cruise, a cornner said after a post mortem on the 43-year-old Hollywood

Dr. Thomas Noguchi said yesterday "there was no evidence of foul play nr any cause of death other than accidental drowning."

Miss Wood, star of more than 35 films, including Splendour In The Grass and West Side Story, disappeared from the family yacht Splendour early no Sunday morn-

Eight bours later her body was found floating in a lagooo on Catalina Island, a Pacific yachting resort for the wealthy, near where the yacht was anchored. A two metre dinghy from the yacht had been washed ashore nearby.

Dr. Noguchi said Miss Wood apparently slipped as she left the yacht to board the dinghy for a lone midnight cruise and there was

a scraping mark on ber left cheek. One question Dr. Noguchi was unable to answer was why Miss Wood decided to take a midnight

cruise alone on a cold night. Miss Wood's Lawyer, Paul Ziffren, said she was not a good swimmer but was a very good sailor. "It was not unusual for her to go out (on the dinghy) without

telling anyone." be said. Dr. Noguchi said his examination revealed she had an alcohol level in her blood above the limit considered sufficient to prove a persoo was driving under the influence of alcohol.

He said there had been an argument between Wagner and fellow actor Christopher Walken, a guest oo the vessel, before Miss Wood disappeared.

"It was not a violeot argument, hut more of a heated discussion and it did not involve Miss Wood," he said. He did not believe she left the yacht to get away from the argument.

174 Yugoslavians killed in DC 9 crash in Corsica

AJACCIO, Corsica, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - A Yugoslav charter DC-9 carrying 168 passengers and six crew. all Yugoslavs, on a one-day outing to Corsica crashed in bad weather this morning, killing all aboard.
Ajaccio police announced.

parties on a mouotainside above the village of Casa Casalabriva. about 50 kilometres south of Ajaccio Airport, nearly four hours after radin and radar contact with the plane was lost.

The wreckage of the Inex-Adria

Airways craft was found by search

The victims had left Ljubljana in Yugoslavia early this morning crashed into Mount San Pietra

for what was to have been a one day excursion to the bistory French island on the last day of long Yugoslav national bolida

The aircraft sent a distress me. sage shortly before it was due to land at Ajaccio airport. The air port control tower lost contag with the plane 10 minutes before was due to land.

Villagers reported seeing to aircraft in trouble and others said they heard one or more explosions, possibly as the aircraft

British protect IRA informer

BELFAST, Dec. 1 (R) - An Irish guerrilla-turned-informer has been spirited out of Belfast hy British security men after betraying dozens of colleagues. Catholic sources said today.

They linked his disappearance with a wave of arrests last week when British troops rounded up about 30 people.

The man was arrested to weeks ago in Belfast's big Ardoyne Estate, where support among Catholics for Provisional Irish Republican Army (RA) guerrillas is strong.

He and his family are believed to be hiding in England, protected by British security men from reprisals by the IRA.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Haig gives televised speech in Europe

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig has declared that NATO's readiness to deploy medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe offers the best hope for successful missile negotiations with the Soviet Union. Mr. Hairdelivered a televised talk yesterday to Western Europe, aimed at bolstering Western resolve to deploy U.S. Cruise and Pershing II missiles if talks with the Soviets fail to produce an agreement prior to the scheduled deployment in 1983.

865-year jail term cut to 576 years

BANGKOK, Dec. 1 (R) - An 865-year jail sentence imposed on a botel cashier convicted of embezzling 227,021 haht (about \$12,000) has been cut to 576 years, the Thai news agency reported today. A local criminal court originally sentenced Thanes Narkphoog, 39, to serve consecutive five-year terms for each of the 173 days that he was alleged to have withheld resamant receipts from his botel's central financial department. The scotences was reduced by 289 years yesterday on the grounds that his testimony had proved useful, the agency said,

Police raid IRA training camp

DUBLIN, Dec. 1 (R) - Police have uncovered a training camp used by guerrillas of the outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA)in remote countryside in the north of the republic. Irish policesaid they found a firing range, 4,000 munds ammunition, 10 rifes, a shotgun, paramilitary uniforms and training manuals in the camp in the western part of county Doncgal, which borders on northern Ireland. The camp was deserted at the time of the raid, police

Pakistani officials to don national dress

ISLAMABAD, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - Pakistani hureaucrats have been forbidden to wear Western-style clothing to work four days \$ week, the state-owned APP news agency has reported. A directive on the ban, which takes effect today, gave no reason for the move. However, APP said that it apparently is connected to President Mohammed Zia UI Haq's desire to use national dress as an "important element of national identity."

Skeletons amidst Salvadorean sugar cane

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - Forty-seven human skeletons were discovered by harvesters in a sugar cane field near here, an official of the El Salvador human rights commission has said. The official, who aksed not to identified, said it appeared that the skeletons, discovered Friday, were dumped there six months to a year ago. "They have not yet cut all the cane," he added, so more bodies might turn up. The one-acre field beside a highway eight kilometres from San Salvador resembles an open gravesite discovered last month at the El Playon Lan field, about kilometres from the capital. Both apparently at dumping grounds for death squads that bunt their victims during

1 dead, 1000 arrested in Assam

NEW DELHI, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - A 12-hour blockade stalled road traffic throughout northeastern India's troubled Assam State yes terday and left one person dead, scores injured, 1,000 arrested and one area under curfew, the United News of India reported.

3 Western states cut Kabul air links

OTTAWA, Dec. 1 (R) — Britain, France and West German have cut their air links with Afghanistan in protest against agai regime's refusal to take action against plane hijackers. Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau has said. Mr. Trudeau said it was the first case of action being takeo in support of the principles of 1978 international declaration in Bonn against hijacking.

Australian fined for kissing at odd time

SYDNEY, Australia, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - A man has been fined 900 Australian dollars (\$1,017) and disqualified from driving for 18 months after he held up traffic kissing a female companion. Police said Mikel Mono Stanton, 21, of suburban Glenhaven, drovethrough a red traffic light Nov. 3 and parked in the Middle of a Sydney intersection. Then, policeman Barry Coulhart told a Magistrate. Stnaton "proceeded to hug and kiss a female per senger in his car" through three changes of the light. Stanton-pleaded guilty to drunk driving. Said Magistrate A.J. McKeawett. Your action in blocking traffic confirmed you were well affected by alcohol. Perhaps you were lucky police noticed you before at accident occurred."

after today's news from Gisborne. Seychelles demands return of mercenaries

VICTORIA, Seychelles, Dec. 1 (A.P.) -- President France Albert Rene called South Africa today to return the 44 mercenaries who

In a nationwide address broad-

caşt over Radio Seycbelles, Mr. Rene said the government will

believe South African claims that

2 Third World diplomats

involved in Dutch swindle COPENHAGEN, Dec. 1 (A.P.) - Lesotho's ambassador was recalled and Uganda's defected from his country's foreign service after they were implicated in an alleged real-estate swindle involving

their embassies, the Danish Foreign Minister has said.
The ministry's chief of protocol, Albert Koenigsfeldt, confirmed a report in the newspaper Berlingske Tidende that the diplomats were replaced and that a Dane who moved in embassy circles was in jail awaiting trial. The newspaper said the Dane, Jens Peter Fabricius Frederiksen,

involving the two embassies. Mr. Koeningsfeldt said Lesotho's ambassador for three years, B.T. Matsoso, was recalled last July. Uganda's ambassador for two years, Gabriel Binaisa, was given permission in September to stay in Denmark in a private capacity, he said.

and the ambassadors shared profits from real-estate transactions

allegations. The first secretary at the Ugandan embassy, Geoffrey Kabushenga, said Mr. Binaisa was a relative of former Ugandan president Godfrey Binaisa hut he did not specify the relation. The newspaper report said Frederiksen allegedly helped the diplomats buy property for their embassies by purchasing mortgage deeds at low prices and posting higher prices on official emhassy

accounts. The profits were allegedly shared hy Frederiksen and the

Both the Lesotho and Ugandan embassies refused comment on the

appointed by the United Nations. "If the South African govstaged an abortive coup attempt here and accused former president James Mancham of being involved

ernment agrees, then we will believe that they had nothing to do with it, " Mr. Rene said.

The president said there was evidence that Mr. Mancham, whom Mr. Rene deposed in a 1977 coup, was involved in the

mercenary attack. The evidence, Mr. Rene said, included a study of voices from tapes which the mercenaries had tried to burn before their flight but which were gathered by the sec-

urity services. Mr. Rene said the tapes were to be broadcast to the nation over Radio Scychelles had the mercenaries succeeded in overthrowing the government.

Mr. Mancham, now living in exile in London, said he had been asked to back the coup by a group calling itself the Mouvement pour la Resistance. But he said he had "never heard of such a movement before" and wanted to know more about it before making a decision.

In London, a spokesman for the movement claimed responsibility for the aborted coup and said a second attempt would be made. The group said the attack was financed by wealthy Seychellois in exile who are opposed to Mr. Rene's Socialist policies.

Mr. Rene announced that a

partially lifted from noon to 5 p.m. today. Starting tomorrow, he said, curfew would be in force from 6 p.m. until 6 a.m., allowing people to return to work.

More than 1,000 tourists,

round-the-clock curfew would be

been stranded in the Seychelles since the coup attempt and there was still no indication when they will be able to leave.

- The Senate was urged yes-

terday to approve a \$208.5-billion

military spending bill so that Pres-

ident Ronald Reagan will not be sent "limping and lame" into talks

As the Senate opened dehate nn

the measure, which appropriates

\$7.6 hillion more than the Reagan

administration requested, Sen.

John Stennis, Democrat-Mississippi, argued that the B-1

bomber. MX missile and other

weapons are needed to offset

Noting Mr.Reagan's promise to seek hilateral reductions in nuc-

lear weapons, Sen. Stennis said.

"it is unthinkable that we should

send him there limping and lame

or inadequately prepared wepon-

wise to deal with the problem."

aimed at curbing nuclear arms.

mostly from South Africa, have Senate debates Reagan's

huge military spending bill Mr. Reagan has argued that WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 (A.P.) increased defence appropriations are needed to convince the Russians that the United States is prepared to arm if they are not pre-

pared to disarm. The hill before Republicancontrolled Senate is \$11.9 hillion larger than the one that the Democrat-dominated House approved by a vote of 335-61 on Nov. 18. The final versinn is expected to be written by a House-Senate conference com-

"A long and rocky road lies ahead for the defence approp-riations hill," Sen. Stevens, Republican-Alaska, chairman of the defence appropriations subcommittee said.

The hill contains \$471 million to make a start on Mr. Reagan's proposal to huild 100 B-1 bombers over a six-year period to replace the aging B52s as the U.S. Air Force's principal strategic bomber until a radar-eluding Stealth plane comes off the drawing boards.

Senators Ernest Hollings. Democrat-South Carolina, and Carl Levin. Democrat-Michigan. plauned to offer an amendment to transfer the B-1 funds to other procurement and readiness functions. In a letter to colleagues, they said development of the B-1, the Stealth bomber and the MX would be "at the expense of readiness and force modernisation" and would make the United States

weaker rather than stronger. Sen. Stevens, however, said the B-1 would be a "fast, accurate, hard to locate and hard to target' airplane in contrast to the B52, which he said offers a "big, slow

The hill contains \$2 billion to start the administration's programme of huilding 100 MX missiles and strengthening existing missile silos to hold as many as 40 of them until a permanent basing

Reublican-Oregon, chairman of the appropriations committee, said he would move to strike out the funds for strengthening the silos, arguing that the proposed reinforcements would not make -- Reuter the missiles invulnerable to attack.

الملذا مندلنص

Communist insurgency in villages rilla hold on 19 of them, the oeighbouring Laos and Kam-By Thaung Myine puchea, the Thai government took spokesman added. All the villages under Comalarm and passed an act of par-BANGKOK — The pro-Peking Communist Party of liament for village defence and development. It also launched a munist domination are in remote areas of northern, northeastern Thailand (CPT) has been relentlessly waging an and southern Thailand long neginsidious war of subversion in Thailand's villages to lected by the government. win over the countryside, security officials say. The guerrillas, estimated to be 10,000 strong, have concentrated their efforts in these regions. In 1965 CPT guerrillas fired the

Thai government tries to counter

Communist activity or influence was almost non-existent in the economically-developed central region, he said. Communist guerrillas had total control over nearly 100 villages, which they called "liberated" areas, and had set up their own administrative, militia and

economic development committees, he added. The spokesman said the goverament's village defence and development programme launched in 1975 had won hack

only two of those villages. The Communists also wielded extensive influence over 329 more villages but the government had succeeded in loosening the guer-

The government was battling against the guerrillas to assert its authority in cearly 900 other villages in the three regions and was emerging as the winner in 147 of them, the spokesman said. Some villages where this tussle is going oo are in four southern provinces straddled by the Banthad mountain range, which hristles with guerrilla bases.

The government took counter measures with village security and development projects after the open insurrection of the CPT in 1965 but these early schemes were meffective as they were uncoordinated .

In 1975 when Communist-led

armies swept to victories in

new, unified programme for protection of the villages against the The new programme made ISOC responsible for organising projects to insulate the villages

from guerrilla infiltration. It gives villagers leadership training in security and economic development and reorganises village administration by the formation of elected committees for defence, administration, finance, health education and cultural mat-

The spokesman said the programme was now operating in 3,755 of the 5,700 villages susceptible to Communist influence or control, and was planned to reach a further 83 by the end of

mode is developed. Senator Mark Hatfield.